

# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. VIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1899.

NO. 22.

## ALABAMA NEWS SUMMARY.

Current Happenings of Interest to Our People.

### STEPS TAKEN TO OPEN THE COOSA RIVER.

Langdon Iron Property Leased—Convicts Meet Instant Death—Governor Acts on Pardons—Selma's Cotton Receipts—Interest in Fair.

The Coosa River convention, held in Gadsden the past week, had for its purpose the work of improving the Coosa, so as to make it thoroughly navigable from Rome, Ga., to the Gulf. Interest shown in the movement is not confined to this state. Congressman Maddox and other prominent Georgians were present, along with half a dozen or more members of the Alabama Congressional delegation, including Senator Morgan. The convention formulated a plan for united action. A general committee was appointed to take the matter in hand and sub-committees named to tabulate statistics and facts showing the benefits to be derived from opening up this water-way. These facts will be brought to the attention of congress, and an appropriation sufficient to prosecute the work will be sought.

The opening of the Coosa not only means lower foreign rates for the towns which it reaches, but it will also serve to develop the rich valley of that river to its fullest extent. Gadsden and Rome will take on new life, and the entire section adjacent to the stream will be greatly benefited.

**Langdon Iron Property Leased.**  
The Alabama Iron company, composed of Birmingham and Pittsburgh persons, has recently leased with an option of buying the Langdon iron furnace and ore property at Langdon, forty miles north of Anniston, on the Southern railroad. G. Chisolm, of Birmingham, is president of the company, and Thomas Ford, of Pittsburgh, Pa., treasurer. The company will mine and ship iron ore on an extensive scale, increasing the present output from 125 to 500 tons a day. Two washers are in operation now, but a third will be added, and all three run to their full capacity. The furnace, which has been idle for several years, is out of date and in bad repair, but if the company buys the property, as it probably will, the furnace will be overhauled and rebuilt and put in operation at once.

**Two Convicts Meet Death.**  
Two convicts were crushed to death by falling state in shaft No. 1, at Pratt mines, and, miraculously to state, a third man who was working in the same room escaped uninjured. The three men, George McCoy, a short term man from Chambers county; Sam Walker, a state prisoner, and Willis Thompson, another county man, were digging coal in one of the small rooms on the main shaft when suddenly, without warning, the roof fell in, crushing McCoy and Walker to the floor. The unfortunate convicts were mashed almost beyond recognition, death resulting almost instantly. Thompson, who was standing a few feet away, escaped without a scratch and at once reported the accident to the authorities who had the bodies removed.

**Pardons Acted on by the Governor.**  
The governor acted on the following pardons Friday: Charles Blackmon, Macon, forgery, two years; reduced to one year; W. N. Cagle, Etowah, grand larceny, twenty-five years, reduced to five years; Tom Noel, Colbert, burglary, five years, reduced to one year; Jim Turner, Sumter, rape, life, refused; Mary Jane Kendall, Lowndes, murder, life, refused; Mansel Turner, Jefferson, grand larceny, eight years, refused; John T. Thomas, Jefferson, assault to murder, two years, refused; Henry Shepherd, Chambers, assault to murder, five years, refused; Dick Kenon, Jefferson, burglary, refused; Will Drake, Lee, petit larceny, six months, refused.

**Selma's Cotton Receipts.**  
Cotton is pouring into Selma, over 19,000 bales being received since the 1st of September, and the increased price gives a great impetus to business, the streets presenting an animated appearance.

**Big Fire at Forest.**  
The dry kilns, planer and lumber sheds belonging to Flowers and Peagler, at Forest, Butler county, were entirely destroyed by fire Saturday, together with several cars which were to have been loaded with lumber. The large mill was not burned. The loss to them from the fire is estimated at \$15,000 to \$20,000, with no insurance.

### CAFFEE WORKING FOR THE FAIR.

The President of the Association Working Up Interest in South Alabama.

Judge A. E. Caffee, president of the Alabama State Fair association, left Birmingham Saturday for Selma and that section of the country to be absent several days in the interest of the fair. He goes to induce a number of horse and cattle breeders to take their stock to the fair and also to advertise that portion of the state with the beautiful posters that were shipped in advance of him.

M. E. Gillis, representing Tuscaloosa county, called at the fair headquarters to inquire for space and to make arrangements in regard to an exhibit from Tuscaloosa county. This county will make a fight to win first prize for the best county exhibit.

J. A. Westerlund, one of the vice presidents of the State Fair from Fruithurst, was in the headquarters Friday. He states that the people in that section of country are greatly enthused over the fair and that a fine exhibit can be expected from both Fruithurst and Cleburne county.

All the details in regard to the Midway were discussed Saturday and contract for the same was closed. The contract is now let to build a high fence enclosing this Midway.

Judge W. R. White, of Marion county, has appointed the following committee to get up a good exhibit from that county:

R. E. Dunn, John W. Owen, A. H. Burlason, of Hamilton; Wm. C. Ganne, of Boxon; Perry M. Green, of Hackleburg; I. L. Lloyd, of Bull Mountain; James B. Smith, of Texas; W. J. Trull, of Winfield; R. S. Bolton, of Knowles; Hon. W. H. Mathews, of Gunn.

The Midway promises to be one of the greatest attractions of the fair. Mr. Huffman, the advance man, was in Birmingham and said his would be the greatest animal show ever brought south. He will have on exhibition a litter of lion cubs from which one was presented to Admiral Dewey on his arrival in New York.

**Status of County Exhibits.**  
The State Fair association has allowed space to fifteen counties. Twenty-five counties have made application and it is thought that fifteen of these, if not all, will have an exhibit. Outside of these there are many counties working actively toward getting up an exhibit, but as yet the association has not been requested to allow them space. Secretary Rountree is of the opinion that when the fair is once opened a majority of the sixty-six counties of the state will be represented in the exposition building.

**New Saw Mill Completed.**  
A new saw mill has just been completed at Fairford, Washington county, with a cutting capacity of 40,000 feet per day, the machinery of which was taken from the old mill at that place. There are two other mills near there which were constructed from the old plant also. The old mill had a cutting capacity of 125,000 feet per day, and was considered one of the finest and largest mills in that part of Alabama, but several disastrous fires caused it to suspend business.

**Shelby Ex-Tax Collector Short.**  
Examiner Purifoy, in his investigation of the books of former Tax Collector A. F. Smith, of Shelby county, reports that he is due the state and county the following sums on account of errors and omissions:  
State tax, \$274.19.  
Special state tax, \$22.26.  
Poll tax, \$19.87.  
County tax, \$157.24.  
Total, \$473.56.  
These sums are due after deducting commissions and adding interest.

**Mining Barytes.**  
The Bell Mining company has recently purchased at East and West Junction, about fifteen miles north of Anniston, on the Southern railway, forty acres of land, rich with barytes, and will immediately begin mining and shipping it on an extensive scale.

**Farmers' Association Organized.**  
The Lee County Farmers' Association was organized at Auburn Saturday. The organization is due largely to the labors of J. H. Dugger, professor of agriculture at the Alabama Polytechnic institute.

**Overpaid On His Account.**  
In his report on the books of Circuit Clerk W. R. A. Milner, of Shelby county, Examiner Purifoy finds that he has overpaid the state \$82.05.

**Burned to Death.**  
Mrs. James Smith, of Oxana, is dead, the result of horrible burns received Wednesday. Her clothing caught from a grate.

## AMERICANS ARE RELEASED

Fourteen Prisoners Set Free by Their Filipino Captors.

### PEOPLE HAD LIONIZED THE BOYS IN BLUE.

Insurgents Admitted They Were Tired of the War, But They Will Fight to the Last for Independence.

A Saturday's dispatch from Manila says: This has been an eventful day with the northern outposts of the American army at Angeles. Early this morning the Filipino peace commission appeared. The American prisoners followed. Then a commission of three Spaniards to negotiate for the release of the Spanish prisoners departed up the railroad with a retinue of servants and buffalo carts carrying their baggage. At San Fernando the train carrying the commission and prisoners to Manila met a special carrying Major-General Otis and Generals Lawton, Bates and Schwan to Angeles on a tour of inspection.

The American prisoners are Corporal Otto Schen and Privates Albert Ruben, Otto Wagner and Peter Hollings, all of the Third infantry, captured near Baling July 28; Joseph MacDrath, James Boyle, Wm. Miller, James Crenshaw, Thomas Dalin and Eli Drew, of the Sixteenth infantry, captured at Calocan August 1; Paul Spillane and Louis Ford, of the Fourth infantry; Charles Wildender, a discharged artilleryman, captured by bandits while boating near Malabon, and George Graham, colored, an orderly of the Sixteenth infantry, who was put off a train near Malolos and immediately captured. A party of correspondents and photographers waited in the trench of the American outposts before the wrecked bridge across the river separating the two armies, and at 9 o'clock a group came down the track waving a handkerchief on a bamboo and halted before the bridge.

A bugle then sounded the "attention" and Major Wheaton's staff and five soldiers with a raised handkerchief picked their way across the bridge. The Filipinos then introduced themselves and General Allejanderis, a slender, bright looking man of 32, a veteran of the rebellion against Spain; Lieutenant Colonel Orino and Major Ortes, the latter of German blood and speaking English. There soon appeared a second party of fourteen Americans marching between files of insurgent soldiers. They looked the picture of health and were dressed in new Filipino uniforms of blue gingham and were carrying monkey and other presents from their Filipino friends.

The commissioners and prisoners forded the river, dismounted and saluted and the prisoners were given up. General MacArthur's first inquiry was for Lieutenant Gilmore's party, and General Allejanderis replied vaguely that they were "in the north." General MacArthur asked if they would be released, and General Allejanderis said: "I must consult with my government before answering." The prisoners unanimously praise their treatment. One man said: "We have been given the best the country afforded, fine houses for quarters, servants, good food, plenty of wine and money allowance. Aguinaldo visited us and shook hands. Three of the boys refused to shake hands with him." Judging from the stories of the prisoners, they have been lionized by the people. They report that five sailors, survivors of Naval Cadet Woods' party, arrived at Tarlac Wednesday. Though small importance is attached to their judgment, they agree in saying that the Filipinos all say they are "tired of the war, but will fight for independence to the last."

**Small Steamer Sinks.**  
The steamer Clyde, belonging to the Tennessee River Packet company, running between St. Louis and Memphis, sank Saturday night about twenty-five miles below Cairo. The boat was valued at \$30,000 and insured for \$20,000. No lives were lost.

**Postage Rates to Porto Rico.**  
Porto Rico has been placed on the same footing as domestic points in regard to postage, and hereafter all mail matter addressed to or originating in the island will be subject only to domestic rates.

**Colonel Adair Dead.**  
Col. George W. Adair, a wealthy real estate dealer of Atlanta, died at his home Friday. During the civil war he was one of Forrest's aides.

"Aunt" Peggy Wade, the oldest negro woman in the county, probably the oldest in the state, died near Lawrenceburg, Tenn., Saturday. She was 119 years old. She leaves a daughter 90 years old, hale and hearty.

### FIFTEEN PERSONS DROWNED.

Two Hundred and Fifty Persons Taken From the Wreck of the Scotsman.

Two hundred and fifty scantily clad, baggage-bereft men, women and children were on board of an intercolonial special which steamed into Bonaventure depot, Montreal, Canada, Friday night. They comprised the greater number of those who sailed from Liverpool on September 14 on board the steamship Scotsman bound for Montreal, which was wrecked on the shores of the Straits of Belle Isle, at 2:30 o'clock on the morning of the 21st. It was not only a tale of shipwreck that they had to tell, but one of death, of suffering and pillage. Fifteen at least, of the Scotsman's passengers perished, all suffered cruelly from cold and privation, and, almost the worst horror of all, the men who were supposed to succor and assist those committed to their care in the hour of need, turned on the helpless passengers and with loaded guns and revolvers compelled them to part with the few valuables saved. All who perished were women.

**CAPTURED A TOWN.**  
Gen. Otis Cables a Report of the Taking of Porac.

General Otis Friday cabled the following report of the battle of Porac: "Lawton's troops at Calumpit and San Fernando, where concentration took place, ordered to cover country Mexico, Guaga, Cacolor and Santa Rita. MacArthur ordered to take his troops and clear country west and in vicinity of Porac, which he did yesterday, advancing on Porac and driving enemy north."

"Wheaton, at Angeles, kept back enemy on his north and moved force westward to interrupt Porac insurgents; results clearing the country preparatory to future operations. Our casualties at Porac, five wounded. Wheaton does not report any casualties."

"Captured one officer and several enlisted men; some twenty of the enemy killed; number of wounded unknown."

**The Crop Report.**

Commissioner of Agriculture Culver issued his monthly crop report Saturday. The report is very encouraging in all crops, except cotton and late corn. The general average of the cotton crop is 70 per cent, as compared with the crop last year. This is four points below the August report. In the southeastern counties, known as the wiregrass section the crop is perhaps better than last year, but in the black belt there is an average falling off of from one-third to one-half. Sixty-four per cent of the crop is already gathered. The general grade of the staple is the best in years. The top crop is a failure on account of the drought.

Early corn has made a very fair yield this year, but late corn is a failure. Probably the largest hog crop in the history of the state has been gathered, and the quality is reported very fine. The dry weather has cut off the promised yield, but still the amount harvested exceeds last year. Sweet potatoes are quoted at 100 per cent, while sugar cane gets rating of 105.

Altogether the farmers of the state are reported in a better condition than for nine years. Fair prices for all products prevail, and both producers and purchasers are happy.

**Fever Situation at Jackson.**

Two new cases of yellow fever and one death were shown by reports at Jackson, Miss., Saturday. Mrs. C. I. Waite, wife of the cashier of the First National bank, died Saturday. The record to date is ten cases and four deaths.

**Big Fire at Conshatta.**  
A disastrous fire occurred at Conshatta, La., Friday, and nearly one-half of the business portion of the town is in ashes. Seventeen buildings were destroyed and only three stores are left on Front street. There was only \$1,700 insurance, while the loss amounts to thousands of dollars.

**Tennessee Raised Quarantine.**  
Surgeon-General Wyman received the following dispatch Sunday from Surgeon-General Carter at New Orleans: "One new case, Tennessee raised quarantine permanently after a heavy frost last night."

**BRIEFLY MENTIONED.**

Maj. W. J. Milner has resigned as superintendent and general manager of the Birmingham Waterworks company, after a service of 25 years.

The committee appointed by Judge Leigh to get up a county exhibit for the state fair met Monday to take definite steps and to confer. Escambia will have an exhibit second to no county in the state.

### CARTER'S SENTENCE APPROVED.

He Must Serve Five Years in Penitentiary and Pay Fine of \$5,000.

The president has approved the sentence imposed by court martial on Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, corps of engineers, United States army, and a formal order was issued Saturday from the war department directing the execution of the sentence.

The verdict of the court was as follows:

"And the court does, therefore, sentence the accused, Captain Oberlin M. Carter, corps of engineers, United States army, to be dismissed from the service of the United States; to suffer a fine of \$5,000; to be confined at hard labor at such place as the proper authorities may direct for five years, and the crime, punishment, name and place of abode of the accused be published in the newspapers in and about the station and state from which the accused came, or where he usually resides."

Captain Carter was arrested in New York by Assistant Adjutant General Simpson, who came on specially from Washington for the purpose. Captain Carter was taken to Governor's Island and handed over to Captain B. J. Roberts, the commanding officer, with orders to keep strict guard and put Captain Carter in close confinement.

**SIGNS OF THE END.**

Eastern Mindanao Insurgents Will Turn Over the Country to Uncle Sam.

The war department has received the following: "MANILA, Sept. 30.—Adjutant-General, Washington: A communication, dated the 12th instant, from General Garcia, commanding all the insurgent troops in Eastern Mindanao, expresses a desire to turn the country over to the United States authorities and to surrender the insurgent arms."

War department officials are very much encouraged regarding the situation in the Philippines, as conveyed by the official and press dispatches. The dispatch relative to the intended surrender of the eastern portion of Mindanao indicates, it is said, the disposition of the southern islands to accept American sovereignty. These people have heretofore made offers of surrender, but have coupled it with a provision that the United States should relinquish its right, if Aguinaldo should be successful in Luzon. Now the surrender is unconditional.

**DEWEY FOR PRESIDENT.**

William C. Whitney Advocates the Admiral for That Office.

The New York World Sunday published a long article by William C. Whitney advocating Admiral Dewey for a presidential candidate. It says in part:

"The trust of the people in Dewey is the great fact that dominates the situation. They trust him implicitly. With him in the white house they would have absolute confidence that the wise, right and patriotic course would be taken and firmly kept. It is a great opportunity which this fact offers the nation. Only at long intervals and special occasions providence presents a man in whom the whole people have unquestionable and perfect trust."

**AGUINALDO WISHES PEACE.**

Asks to Be Permitted to Send a Commissioner to Negotiate.

A Sunday's special from Manila says: The Filipino peace commission which arrived at the American lines yesterday morning brought a request from Aguinaldo that he be permitted to send a representative of his government to negotiate peace.

General Otis refused the request. There will be another conference.

**Ex-Postmaster Killed.**

James P. Willett, postmaster of Washington under President Cleveland's last administration, and superintendent of the postoffice department and city post office building, was instantly killed Saturday by falling down an elevator shaft from the fourth story to the basement of the new postoffice.

**Big Fire in Texas.**  
The Alex. Gilmer sawmill and lumber yard at Orange, Texas, was burned by incendiaries Friday. The loss on the mill is \$90,000; lumber, \$60,000. Insurance, \$50,000.

**Block of Residences Burned.**

A disastrous fire destroyed an entire residence block in Jackson, Miss., Saturday, and for some time the old state house was in great danger. The flames started in the \$10,000 residence of D. W. Wilkinson, a local wholesale grocer, and spread in both directions, consuming property the total value of which is estimated at \$30,000.

### THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The War Department is without complete records of the Americans held prisoners by the Filipinos, but the number is estimated at thirty.

The promotion to the grade of Rear Admiral of Captain A. H. McCormick, commander of the Washington Navy Yard, has been announced at the Navy Department.

E. C. Evans, founder of the Tobacco Workers' Union, testified before the Industrial Commission that the absorption of the small factories by the large companies was not beneficial to labor. Extraordinary precautions are being taken by the health officials on the border to prevent the spread of smallpox from Mexico to the United States.

Awards have been made for supplying the army with 400,000 yards of khaki and 100,000 yards of khaki serge.

General Otis reported to the War Department by telegraph that the 700 Chinese who were detained on the board by him in account of his application of the Chinese Exclusion act to the Philippines, had been permitted to land.

The Secretary of the Treasury has accepted the proposition of John Pierce, of New York City, for the interior finish of the postoffice building at Buffalo. The price is \$319,850.

**Our Adopted Islands.**

Aguinaldo has issued a decree inviting Filipino deserters to return within a month, in which case they will be pardoned.

The Tagalogs of the island of Mindanao in the Philippines have expressed their readiness to accept American sovereignty in exchange for protection against the harassing Moros.

The election of delegates to the Municipal Committee of Havana has taken place, the voting tables being well attended. Juan Gualberto Gomez, asserts that all kinds of political opinions are represented in the men chosen.

The son of General Sanchez and the other young Cubans who recently deserted the Spanish flag, have been arrested. The indications are that the yellow fever situation at Havana is under control.

**Domestic.**

A large number of horses have been purchased in Chicago for use in drawing English artillery in the Transvaal.

A girl baby was born to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt at her home in New York City. The first child was born to Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt on May 1, 1893, and was named Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The safe in a private bank at Durand, Ill., was blown open by robbers and \$3500 stolen. The robbers escaped and there is no clew.

Two cannon from Morro Castle, Havana, have been received by the United States at Philadelphia, N. J., through General J. W. Clous, stationed at the headquarters of the East, at Governor's Island. These trophies are the gift of L. C. Van Arman, 1879, of New York City.

Mamie Simpkins, aged fifteen, a daughter of Charles Simpkins, of Cooperstown, N. J., was burned to death while playing with fireworks, but escaped serious injury. Her invalid mother was badly burned in an effort to put out the flames.

George Klutz, a Baltimore distiller and one of the most prominent men in North Carolina, has gone insane on trusts. He imagines himself a modern Croesus, and desires to control the world's supply of America. He has been placed in a sanitarium.

A number of Porto Ricans, many of them young men, recently settled in Baltimore in order to learn English. But most of them will have to go home, on account of the losses caused by the recent hurricane.

Eight colored persons were severely burned, one fatally, as the result of the explosion of a lamp in the lodging-house of Mrs. L. B. Loveless, at Boston.

J. Hay Brown, of Lancaster, Penn., the Republican candidate for Supreme Court Judge, was appointed by Governor Stone to the vacancy on the bench created by the death of Judge Henry W. Williams, of Wellsboro.

A man who registered at the United States Hotel in New York, W. Hayley, of West Concord, N. H., was found dead in his room with his throat cut. The police on opening the man's traveling bag found several envelopes addressed to Dr. Herman W. Hayley, of Middletown, Conn.

There is a silver famine in Texas. Banks in Dallas and other cities have been telegraphing to Eastern cities for silver dollars, but cannot get any. The Eastern banks report that they can ship gold, but that no silver is to be had.

Bulbridge G. Allen, formerly General Superintendent of the Old Colony Railroad system, shot and killed himself in his room at the Grand Union Hotel, in New York City. He had recently come from Boston, where he had put up at a hotel under an assumed name.

Skagway, Alaska, experienced a third shock of earthquake on September 13, but it did no damage. The area shaken was about 100 square miles. The area shaken was about 100 square miles. The area shaken was about 100 square miles.

Boats arriving at Seattle, Wash., all bear evidence of contact with icebergs from a log-carrier against the coast, the ships coming in with battered bows.

President William Smith, of the First National Bank of Charlotte, Mich., was killed at Wolverine, Mich., by being thrown from a log-carrier against a moving saw.

The great dam across the Colorado River at Austin, Texas, which was constructed by the city a few years ago at a cost of \$1,000,000, has sprung a leak and the waters in the lake formed by the dam are gradually receding.

J. W. Copp, a woolen manufacturer of Charlton City, was instantly killed by a train at Liberty, Mass. The body was horribly mangled.

Governor Plingree, of Michigan, gave out for publication a lengthy statement, in which he declared that he will not be a candidate this fall for mayor of Detroit.

William R. Hay, of Springfield, Ill., a nephew of Secretary of State Hay, has enlisted as a private in the Eighth United States Cavalry.

The stage between Westfall and Oatario, Ore., was held up and the registered mail taken. There were three robbers.

**Foreign.**

Fish fishermen complain that they have suffered much damage from the competition of American fishing boats, which have recently appeared on the south and west coasts of the island.

## OUR TROOPS TAKE PORAC.

General MacArthur Rout's Filipino Forces After a Short Engagement.

### MET WITH SLIGHT RESISTANCE.

General Wheeler Assists in the Capture of the Town—Five Americans Wounded—Filipinos Suffer Loss—Insurgents Have Seven Thousand New Japanese Rifles—Movement a Strategic Success

MANILA (By Cable).—General MacArthur entered Porac after half an hour's fighting. The American loss was slight, and the insurgent loss is not known. The enemy fled northward. When the Americans entered the town they found it entirely deserted.

Two attacking parties moved on Porac in two columns. The Ninth Infantry, with two guns, from Santa Rita, was commanded by General Wheeler, and the Thirtieth Infantry, under Colonel Bell, with one gun, accompanied General MacArthur from San Antonio.

Both columns struck the town at 8 o'clock and opened a brisk fire, which was replied to by the enemy for half an hour. Then the insurgents fled, and the Americans marched over their trenches and took possession of the town.

Just before the fight Smith's command, at Angeles, made a demonstration by firing artillery up the railroad track. Lieutenant reported one casualty and Bell reported four men of his regiment wounded. The artillery did not have any men injured.

The movement was a strategic success and resulted, besides the possession of Porac, in the clearing of several miles of country thereabout.

The two columns from Santa Rita and San Antonio united before Porac, according to programme, stretching around the place for some miles.

The insurgents are estimated to have numbered 600 men. Ten dead Filipinos were found, and the captured arms consisted of 7000 new Japanese rifles.

While the American loss is five wounded, there were many prostrations from the heat.

The insurgents recently intruded and garrisoned the town of Pao, on Laguna de Bay, in the province of Cavite. Subsequently, Captain Larson, commanding the gunboat Napid, landed for a conference with the citizens. As he was proceeding up the river, the town with a small force of men, he was received with a volley from a hidden trench. The party retreated to their boat under cover of the buildings and gained their vessel. The Napid then bombarded the trench for an hour, completely destroying it.

Englishmen from the insurgent lines report that the Filipinos at Damban have 7000 new Japanese rifles.

**TO DEPORT SPANISH PRISONERS.**

Authorities Refuse to Allow Spanish Vessels to Enter Ports.

MANILA (By Cable).—The American authorities have declined the request of General Jaramillo, the Spanish officer who is settling Spain's military affairs in the Philippine Islands, to send a vessel under the Spanish flag to carry to Spain the Spanish prisoners of insurgent ports, as stipulated by the Filipinos, on the ground that the ports are closed, that the vessels are not to be admitted. The authorities are ready to send an American vessel. The Spanish Commission therefore returned to the insurgent lines to effect an arrangement for the delivery of the prisoners on board an American vessel.

**SPANISH CABINET FALLS.**

Differences Over Proposals for National Defenses Cause.

MADRID (By Cable).—The Spanish Cabinet has resigned as the result of irreconcilable differences between Ministers regarding proposals for national defense.

This decision was made at a meeting of the Cabinet council. The cabinet had been in session since the resignation of the Minister of War, Lieutenant-General Camilo Polavieja, for an extraordinary credit to be used in the strengthening of frontier fortifications.

The Minister of Finance, Senor Villaverde, was unable to agree with the suggestion of Senor Polavieja, and a Ministerial crisis followed.

**WORK ON NICARAGUA CANAL ROUTE.**

Operations Begin by a United States Surveying Party.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (By Cable).—About sixty engineers and other employees of the United States Canal Commission have arrived at Greytown in order to make careful surveys of the five routes across Nicaragua proposed by the last Board of Survey, before the United States will begin the work. Senor So, that the Commissioners can decide on the most desirable route for an interoceanic canal. The health of the party is reported to be excellent. Professor A. P. Davis, of the United States Geological Survey, who is in charge of the hydrographic division of the party, is making his part of the work with much skill and success.

**A LYNNING IN CUBA.**

Senor Sanchez, Formerly a Court Officer and Guerrilla, Shot to Death.

HAVANA (By Cable).—Senor Sanchez, who was Secretary of the Municipal Court in Union de Reyes, Province of Santa Clara, and formerly a guerrilla, has been lynched. The perpetrators are not known to the authorities. Sanchez, who was shot to death, had the reputation of having committed many crimes during the war.

**How Trusts Affect Labor.**

Carroll D. Wright, Chief of the Bureau of State Labor Statistics, at Washington, is conducting an investigation to ascertain what effect the organization of trusts is having upon labor. This involves the collection of statistics showing how many men were employed in the different establishments absorbed by combination, and how many are now employed by the combination; what wages were paid by individual operators and what by the trust. It is believed that fully 150 trusts will be covered by this inquiry.

**Old Church Used by Lafayette Burned.**  
St. Peter's Lutheran Evangelical Church at Barron Hill, Montgomery county, Penn., has been destroyed by fire. The church was built in 1761, and was used by General Lafayette as a headquarters during the Revolution. Many interesting records of the Revolution were lost.

**Candidates For Reed's Seat.**

Amos L. Allen has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans in the First Maine District in convention at Portland, Me. The Democrats of the First Congress District have nominated Luther F. McKinney, of Bridgton, to oppose Mr. Allen.







## A Pretty Hat

From  
**MRS. ARMSTRONG'S,**  
The Fancy Milliner.

After the 1st of October the customers of this well-known establishment may be served with all the

### LATEST MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

By that time Miss Milner will be back from the Atlanta openings, and will be prepared to show the latest styles and give the most brilliant effects. Our stock this season will be ahead of all past displays, and the prices will fit the purses of all. Watch for the announcement of our opening.

**Mrs. L. C. Armstrong.**

### THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

#### SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

**Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know.**  
News From Different Beats.

Sam Leftkovich, of Bessemer, is in the city.

J. T. Leeper spent Sunday in Montevallo.

John Hill, of beat 9, was in the city Tuesday.

J. S. Pearson, of Gary, was in town Monday.

W. J. Sewell, of Weldon, was in the city Tuesday.

Mack Piper, of Aldrich, was in the city Tuesday.

C. A. Glaze, of Creswell, was here Tuesday on business.

John Leeper has returned from a visit to Centerville.

Commissioners court was in regular session this week.

Miss Nellie Parker is visiting relatives in Montevallo.

W. J. Parker, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

John M. Fancher, of Montevallo, was in the city Tuesday.

Tom Hill, of Calera, was here Tuesday attending court.

Chas. Abraham, of Birmingham, was in the city this week.

Mrs. J. W. Hester is quite sick at her home on Main street.

Mrs. A. E. Jackson visited relatives in Anniston this week.

Dr. T. G. Nelson, of Harpersville, was in the city Tuesday.

The Misses Hamilton, of Fayetteville, were in the city this week.

J. S. Falkner has returned from a visit to relatives in Montgomery.

Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has greatly benefited others and is reasonably certain to do you good. Try it!

Miss Sue McGehee, of Calera, spent Saturday in the city with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Riddle, of Fourmile, visited their son, Buford, Saturday.

Archie Richards, one of Chapels thriving young farmers, was in town this week.

Misses Irena and C. Crabb, of Dadeville, were guests at the White House this week.

Rev. W. L. Sinnott filled his regular appointment at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Col. T. L. Bulger, B. B. Smith and B. E. Crabb, of Dadeville, were in the city this week.

Miss Mary Reaves, who has been visiting Mrs. J. W. Dykes, has returned to her home in Cave Springs, Ga.

Mrs. A. M. Elliott's music class reorganized Monday. Too much can't be said of Mrs. Elliott's ability.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable, Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

Three special juries have been drawn and summoned in the murder cases on the criminal docket for this week.

The most stubborn cases of Bronchitis succumb to Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25 and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

The grand jury, as will be seen from their report, found 67 true bills, which seems to place Shelby county in the rosy column.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, two doses in a bottle. Keep it convenient.

Our streets have been crowded this week with people from different portions of the county in attendance upon Circuit court.

Mrs. W. A. Tallant is visiting in Calera.

We are having a refreshing rain at this time.

E. T. Hunter and family have moved back from Jemison.

W. H. Sturdivant, of Bamford, was in the city Tuesday.

Dr. Neil McMillan is visiting relatives in South Alabama.

Miss Hattie Harrell, of Woodward, visited relatives in the city this week.

Call to see us before buying, we can save you money. Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

Dizziness, loss of appetite, flatulency and nausea are all connected with dyspepsia or indigestion. Herbine will give prompt relief. Price 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

Misses Annie McMillan and Lillie Crosby, who have been visiting relatives in the city, returned to their home at Stockton Monday.

Learned, Miss, March 12, 1892.

I found Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic all that is claimed for it. It is as simple here as quinine.

J. H. Rhodes, M. D., Druggist.

We need something to awaken our people. We have one prayer-meeting a week and nothing else. Why can't we have a literary society?

H. C. Crump, Jasper, Ala., writes: I have used Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine 20 years and believe it the best Liver Medicine on the market.

Have had Black Draught, handed to me, the clerk declaring it was genuine Simmons Medicine. I told him I knew better and refused to take it.

The house occupied by Maj. J. W. Pitts, on Main street, was discovered on fire at 10:15 a. m., yesterday, and when the "fire department" arrived the roof over the kitchen was burning rapidly. Prompt and efficient service quickly extinguished the flames.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, in either the human subject or in animals, as a dressing, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent; while for sores on working horses, especially if slow to heal, or suppurating, its healing qualities are unequalled. Price, 25 cents, and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

Mrs. Mary E. Mason, of the firm of Lester, Mason & Co., has sold her entire interest in the stock of goods, notes, mortgages, real estate, etc., to the firm of Lester & Co., who will continue to do business at the same old stand. This change of business took place last Saturday.

Nature can only feed the flame of life with the food eaten which is digested. Herbine will reinvigorate a weak stomach, and so improve digestion as to insure the natural bloom of health. Price 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

A horse attached to a farm wagon ran away last Monday, beginning at the court house and winding up at Milner's store. Although a very short run, serious damages came near being done by the infuriated animal. The wagon to which it was attached was not damaged much.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and costs so little? One application will convince and convert you. Price 50c.

We notice the tendency of older people to criticize the young folks of this place. We think our young people are very nice, but then, there is everywhere a class of people whose sole business is to point out others faults. If some of them would quit watching and go to praying, perhaps they would have more influence.

Homer, La., June 2, 1887.

Recently my horse was relieved of a severe case of colic by the use of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic.

T. B. WHITE, Pastor M. E. Church.

### Shelby County Teachers.

For the information of the public, I submit for publication the names of Shelby county teachers who have passed the State examination and received license, grades, etc:

Life Certificate—J. B. Kilpatrick, Mrs. Ella Kilpatrick, Mrs. Kate Wallace. Colored—D. L. Prentice.

Second Grade—H. M. Abercrombie, Miss Bertie Allen, J. B. Farrell, S. S. Crumpton, Walter M. Hayes, Miss Margaret McArdle, J. M. Rich, R. L. Hill, H. A. Stovall, J. M. Baldwin, W. C. Evans, W. A. Gorman, Miss Kate Gorman, Miss Elva Greek, W. B. Greek, G. C. Pitts, Miss Zerna Samuel.

Third Grade—J. C. Burgner, Miss Lena Cross, W. R. Hale, J. M. Mundine, C. C. Martin, P. M. Abercrombie, J. E. Bird, G. D. Baldwin, Miss Julia Bates, John Evans, T. F. Farrell, Miss Elinor Kidd, Miss Minnie Kidd, J. A. Spearman, J. W. Spearman, Miss Isabella Phillips, W. W. Wheeler, Miss Ada Hunter, E. T. Hunter, Miss Caroline McCalley, Miss Lizzie Horton.

Third Grade. Colored—W. J. Lamar, Hannah Youngblood, Elie Trenholm, Mary Williams, Era H. Sewell, Anna O'Neal.

I advise township trustees to keep a copy of this list on file in their office.

EUGENE WILLIAMS, County Supt. of Education.

### A Rightful Blunder.

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Hall Drug Co., Druggist.

### Card of Thanks.

I desire to thank the people of Columbiana for their assistance in helping to save my house, which caught on fire yesterday.

J. W. PITTS.

Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine Quickens the Appetite, Aids Digestion, gives Tone and Vigor to all the functions, and fortifies the system against Epidemic Influences.

17 lbs good sugar for \$1.00 at Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

White's Cream Vermifuge is a highly valuable preparation, capable, from the promptitude of its action, of clearing the system in a few hours of every worm. Price 25 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

Eugene Brasher, Gainey Tinney, Alphonse Verchot, Will Vest and Joe Cromwell have enlisted with Uncle Sam to fight the Filipinos. The young men decided that Columbiana must be represented in war against the poor insurgents, and have given up home for the sake of their country so dear to all Americans.

The Health-Restorer and Health-Maintainer, Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, Strengthens the Nerves, makes you Plump and Comely, and Enriches the complexion with nature's choicest colors.

In the case of the State vs. Lizzie LaGrone, alias Lizzie LeGrand for murder, the Solicitor entered a nol pross. There was another indictment found against her by the last grand jury, for murder in the second degree, on which she was arrested, but made bond for her appearance at the next term of the Circuit court.

Thousands of the most stubborn and distressing cases of piles have been cured by Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment. It never fails to cure. Price, 50 cents in bottles, tubes 75 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

There was a small fire at Shelby Springs Monday night. The post-office and store of Mrs. Pond was entirely destroyed. Mrs. Pond is postmistress there and had a small stock of goods in connection with the office, which is a total loss, as there was no insurance. It is supposed that it was set on fire by a spark from a passing locomotive.

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as to the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c. by Hall Drug Co.

Monday afternoon the death angel entered the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Page, Jr., and carried away the spirit of their baby. The babe had been sick several weeks and could not withstand the grim reapers hand. The burial took place at Union church, near Weldon Tuesday. The bereaved parents have our sympathy.

Look here! 10 lbs best coffee for \$1.00 at Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

### Grand Jury Report.

To the Honorable John Pelham, judge:

We the grand jury organized at this, the fall term, 1899, of the Circuit Court of Shelby county, beg leave to report as follows:

We have diligently inquired into all indictable offences coming to our knowledge, and have returned sixty-seven true bills.

We have examined the fee books of the probate judge and the sheriff's accounts for feeding prisoners, and report that no illegal fees have been charged, and that the accounts kept by these officers are accurate and neat.

We find from an examination of the books and papers of the County Superintendent of Education that he has proper vouchers for all monies expended, and has on hand in cash the amount with which he is chargeable.

We have examined the books of the County Treasurer and report that his accounts and vouchers are correct, all monies expended being properly accounted for, and the balance he has on hand in cash.

We have carefully examined the bonds of all county officers and find them in proper form and with sufficient securities, except the bond of the Register in Chancery; one of his bondsmen having died since the last term of court. We recommend that another bondsman be required.

We find the county jail clean and the prisoners make no complaint of their treatment. We find the jail in good condition.

We have visited the county poorhouse; it is clean and nicely kept, and a sufficient amount of food provided. We recommend that the county commissioners make provision for the welfare of the sick in the poorhouse, as the ordinary fare cannot be used in case of sickness. There are now thirteen persons in the county poorhouse. The building needs some repairs, several window panes should be put in before winter, the porch shed is in a dangerous condition, and two door steps should be repaired. These matters need immediate attention.

We wish to express our thanks to the Judge and also the Solicitor for their kindness and assistance.

We also thank our bailiff and other officers for kindness and diligence on waiting on the grand jury. Having finished our work, asked to be discharged.

T. J. WELLS, Foreman.

### A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure: "It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises through the Universe." So will everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

### A Card.

Editor Advocate.—I hear rumor in the county that the people are blaming me about the stock law that was passed in the recent legislature. I want to say to them through the columns of The Advocate that I was in bed sick, and was not in the legislature when the bill passed, and I reference them to Judge Longshore to verify or to substantiate this statement.

Yours truly,  
W. H. STURDIVANT.

### Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement, I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store.

### That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents, money back if not cured. Sold by Hall Drug Co., Druggist.

### MONTEVALLO.

Girls' Industrial School Open With 400 Pupils.

Montevallo, Oct. 2.—The fourth year of the Montevallo Girls' Industrial School opened this morning.

Addresses were delivered by C. L. Meroney, Rev. P. L. Abernathy, N. S. Jones, Col. Sam Will John, Mrs. M. C. Babb and President Peterson. The addresses were full of instruction. Colonel John appealed to the young ladies to use their influence with future legislators to increase the appropriation for the school.

Dr. Peterson, said over 400 applications had been received and 344 boarding pupils entered. With local pupils this runs the number to over 400. The President urged the girls to build, not for the State or time, but eternity, and work for God's approval. The opening was the greatest and best in the history of the school. Many visitors were present.—Advertiser.

To Stimulate a Stagnant Liver, Banish Biliouness, Disperse Dyspepsia, Prevent Sick and Nervous Headache, use Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine.

### Fourmile.

Cotton picking is the order of the day.

Miss Ida Bolton, of Yellow Leaf, was in the community Sunday.

Mrs. Wingard, who has been visiting in our community, left Saturday to visit her son, D. S. Wingard.

Miss Tera Spearman was the guest of Miss Daisy Stone Sunday.

S. L. Farr was in our parts Sunday.

Quite a number of our young people attended church at Centerhill Sunday.

John Bolton made a business visit to Mr. Stone's Sunday.

George Moore was the guest of Miss Tera Spearman Sunday.

Mike Gorman was seen in our parts Sunday.

M. S. Stone was the happy escort of Miss Ida Bolton Sunday.

Arthur Crowson and Frank Lyons say they are the "chewed resin" in our community.

S. L. F.

### Planters' NUBIAN TEA cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion. Regulates the Liver. Price, 25 cts.

For sale by Hall Drug Co.

### Aldrich Drop Shots.

Charles Nash has moved to our town.

Everything is busy at work here. Pleasant Shaw, our mine boss, is at Coontown this week.

Good health still prevails with us down here, but rain is needed badly.

Pink Lawley has moved to Maylene.

Supt. Charles Robins gave a free Phonograph exhibition at the Aldrich hall last Saturday night of 48 pieces, much to the delight of the young and old of our town.

The Warm Coon show spent two nights in our town last week and gave exhibitions both nights. But the mind reader did not do much.

PETE.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

High grade sewing machines kept on hand at Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

Good wool jeans pants for 90 cts. Shirts etc., cheap. Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

Planters' NUBIAN TEA cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion. Regulates the Liver. Price, 25 cts.

For sale by Hall Drug Co.

We buy for cash and sell for cash. Therefore can sell cheaper than those old time stores. Call and see. Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

We pay highest prices for country produce. We make a specialty of chickens and eggs, bring them to us. Weaver and Mason.

Wilsonville Ala.

I am carrying a nice line of ladies' and children's vests and union suits, which I would be pleased to show to my friends and customers who are in need of anything of the kind, as cheap as you can buy them anywhere.

Mrs. L. C. ARMSTRONG.

# A WORD TO THE WISE!

As we bought a much larger stock for fall than usual it is necessary for us to reduce our present stock as much as possible.

## Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes,

## HATS, NO. 1IONS, LADIES' AND GENT'S

## Furnishing, Millinery, Ladies' Wraps

Cloth and Silk Plush Capes, Jackets, Worsted and Silk Skirts; Furniture and Groceries; in which we have always led the entire section for low prices on every item.

### OUR PRICES. OUR BARGAINS

Heavy Domestic, per yrd, 3 cents. Standard Calicoes, all colors 3 ct. Good Cotton Checks, 3 1/2 cents. Fancy Outing, the very thing for school dresses, 4 1/2 cents. Extra heavy Canton Flannel 5 ct. All-wool Red Flannel 12 1/2 cents. All-wool white Flannel 11 1/2 cents. Ladies' Corsets, 25 cents. Heavy Jeans, 10 cents. Ladies' Black Hose, 5 cents. 2 Spools good machine thread, 5. 10 Balls No. 1 thread, 5 cents. Ladies' black beaver double capes, trimmed with sutch. fur, 50 ct. Ladies' dongola button or lace shoes, worth \$1.25 to \$1.50, our price, \$1.00.

Men's all wool black chevot suits, sizes 34 to 42, \$2.50. Men's imported black clay worsted suits custom made, \$5.00. Men's good pants, 75 cents. Laundered shirts, 25 cents. Good suspenders, leather backs, 10 cents. Heavy undershirts, 15 cents. Leather belts, 15 cents. Boy's knee pants, all wool, 25 ct. Men's shoes, lace or congress, \$1.00. We have a large lot of ladies' and children's shoes in odds and ends which we will sell below cost. On all heavy groceries we will give you the lowest market prices. Arbuckle's and Levering's coffee 10 cents a pound, good green coffee 12 1/2 pounds, \$1.00.

### WE GUARANTEE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

Each customer is entitled to ONE SHARE in a fine marble clock, worth \$10, which will be given away the 1st of EVERY MONTH.

We carry absolutely everything, and no firm ever presented a greater variety from which to select than ours. Our business is said to be the most unique in this section, being always alive to the needs of the hour. By our constant effort to make ourselves valuable to our customers, we give the most faithful service to the smallest as well as the largest. The greatest factor in our remarkable success is the saving of from 15 to 25 per cent to customers on every bill they buy from us. If you have any goods to buy it will pay you to come and see our stock and get prices. We were never in better position to save you money. We buy cotton and all marketable produce and pay the highest price for same.

## Columbiana Mercantile Co.

## We Want Your Cotton

And will pay you the highest price in spot cash for it, and won't bother you about taking any goods for same. Cotton is king; cash for cotton is our rule.

As to goods, if you do want any clothing, dry-goods, shoes, or dress goods, we are in the swim. Our prices are the lowest; no balis, no humbug. We will beat any and all prices.

## Red Store Company.

H. Fox, Manager.

## ALABAMA STATE FAIR

Birmingham, Ala.

November 7th to 18th, 1899.

## Attractive Exhibits--Lively Races,

NEW BUILDINGS--NEW TRACK.

### SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

Agriculture, Horses and Colts, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Racing. Machinery, Merchants' Display. Forestry, Mines and Minerals. The Press. Education. Horticulture. Women's Work. Poultry and Pet Stock. Negroes' Work. Etc. Etc.

### MAGNIFICENT LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

## The Latest "MIDWAY" Attractions.

Many New and Wonderful Features.

REDUCED RATES.—All railroads have granted reduced rates. All exhibits will be carefully looked after. For Premium List and further particulars, address,

J. A. ROUNDTREE, Secretary.

STATE FAIR HEADQUARTERS, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.



# JENKINS'S LAST HOUR.

## KILLED SIX MEN AND WAS HANGED WHILE THE TRAIN WAITED.

An Exciting Story of an Hour at Raton, N. M., in the Early Days of Railroad History.

"Did you ever hear the story of how Jim Jenkins met his end?" asked the narrator, one of the pioneers of railroading in the West, but now settled down to spend the remainder of his days in peace at Chillicothe, O. "It is a remarkable story from the fact that Jenkins put up the fight of his life and finished the careers of six men before he himself was captured and finally strung up to a telegraph pole, and it happened while our train was waiting for dinner."

"Well, the town we stopped at that day was Raton, just south of the Colorado state line, and, at that time, one of the toughest towns in the West, made up of the usual collection of saloons, dance houses, gambling halls and shanties. It was about 5 o'clock in the evening when we got into Raton and we were just getting off the train when we heard three pistol shots fired in an adjacent saloon. In those days a pistol shot meant a probable murder, and we were not surprised a moment later to perceive a man, with a smoking revolver in his hand, rush from the saloon and run toward our train."

"The fugitive was Jim Jenkins, a well known desperado and card sharp. He had reached Raton that morning, but had not been recognized. He had finally enticed one of the miners into a game of cards and won heavily. The miner finally accused him of cheating, and in the row that followed Jenkins was recognized. He had his revolver out in a minute, and springing back, fired at his opponent. A bystander struck up his arm and the bullet shattered the big plate glass mirror behind the bar. Jenkins wheeled around and fired twice at the man who had spoiled his aim. Both shots took effect and the man fell to floor dead. Jenkins took advantage of the excitement to rush out of the saloon, and made his way unmolested to the train which had just pulled in."

"A posse was organized at once and surrounded the train. Every car was carefully searched, but no trace of the fugitive was discovered until they came to the tender, where Jenkins was found crouched on one of the trucks. As soon as he saw he was discovered he sprang out and made a rush for a pile of railroad ties near the track. A fusillade of shots followed him and it was seen that he had been wounded. But he managed to gain the shelter of the ties, and as the posse closed in on him, he arose, used the top of the pile for a rest, and fired five shots from his revolver. Every shot took effect. A man named Cooper, the landlord of a hotel, a justice of the peace whose name I have forgotten, and a car painter in the employ of the railroad all fell dead in their tracks, every one of them shot through the heart, and a saloonist and a miner fell mortally wounded. The posse was unprepared for fancy shooting of that kind and fell back in considerable confusion."

"Jenkins saw his chance, and waving his revolver over his head, he darted from his cover and ran toward the Raton mountains, about a mile and a half away. Two of the cowboys, however, jumped on their horses, with Winchester in their hands, and soon headed off the fugitive. They covered him as soon as they got within good rifle shot and ordered Jenkins to throw up his hands. He saw that it was no use to hold out any longer, as his pursuers could pick him off and remain well out of the range of his revolver, so he stopped and surrendered."

"The cowboys rode up to him, took away his weapons and threw a lariat around his neck. They told him to hold on to it with his hands if he didn't want to be hanged a few minutes before his time, and brought him back to the depot at a gallop. Jenkins was nearly exhausted from the effects of his wounds and the rough usage he had received, but there was no delay in the execution. The end of the lariat was thrown over the cross arm of a telegraph pole, and in less time than it takes to tell, Jenkins was dangling in the air. Just as he was kicking his last a woman rushed from the crowd and emptied a revolver into the desperado's body. She was the widow of one of his victims."

"Well, the train crew had been as much interested in the event as anybody, and had obligingly held the train until it had been concluded in this satisfactory manner. Then the engineer rang the bell and we all clambered on board again. As we rattled out of town I reflected on the astonishing series of events of the past hour. Six men had been killed, three widows were weeping over the bodies of their husbands, half a dozen children had been left fatherless, and as I glanced backward I saw through the gathering dusk the body of the author of all this mischief swinging lazily in the breeze near the station. I lived a long time in the West, and in some very tough localities, but I never saw anything that beat the record made by Jim Jenkins in the last hour of his life."—New York Sun.

# Origin of the Broom.

Every housewife is supposed to know how to handle a broom, but it is safe to say that not one in ten has any clear idea of what her sweeping utensil is made of, or how it is made, or where the material came from. Brooms are made from the heads or brushes of the broom corn, a first cousin of our common field corn. And in this connection is told a very pleasant little fairy story concerning Benjamin Franklin.

"Poor Richard," by the way, seems to have been about the biggest jack-of-all-trades that ever helped the United

States to become the richest and most powerful Nation of the world. If this story is true, he is the patron saint of the housewife and the broom-maker, as well as a kite flyer, lightning catcher, printer, publisher, editor, author, philosopher, statesman and other things "too numerous to mention." New broom corn first grew in India. From there it was carried to Europe. The story goes that Dr. Franklin was examining a whiskbroom that had been brought over from England in the days before we had any broom corn of our own. He found a single seed on the broom, picked it off, planted it, and raised a stalk of corn from which descended, so to speak, all the broom corn of the United States.

In the making of the brooms the corn is put around a handle of basswood or soft maple turned in a lathe. Each layer is wound tight with twine or wire until the desired size is attained. The broom is then pressed out flat and sewed, to keep it in that shape. Whiskbrooms are made in the same way.—Chicago Times-Herald.

# COWBOY LASSEOS A SHARK.

Landed the Rope Under the Fins of the Monster, Says the Skipper.

"Yes, there are funny things going on down the bay and soon they will really be catching sharks with cod lines." This was the remark of a coaster who happened to drop into J. H. Blake's on Wednesday's wharf. The remark was nothing surprising. Yesterday afternoon Captain Rickett, who commands one of the oldest-looking three-masted fisherman's boats that sets sail from this port, and right here it can be said that he is among the smartest of the captains, poked the nose of his craft right round Commercial wharf. As he did so, some from Henry Sargent's fish store on Commercial wharf, called out in that familiar style known to every traveler along the water front. "What you got, captain?"

"Wait and see," came the reply and in his impatience he went to the lower deck and calling to his assistance his crew of five men, held up a swindle tail shark, which, as matter of fact, he had captured near Drunkard Lodge, just about eight miles from the Cape lights.

The captain was called to explain how he got the fish, but he was reluctant to say much until the eager observers had a better opportunity to see his catch and then, opening up a very graphic way, said: "We were sailing along very quietly with nothing to cause a ripple on the smooth surface of what had been a smooth sea, when some at the lookout called out, 'A whale ahead!' and then came a cry: 'It may be the sea serpent, of which we have heard so much.'"

As they drew nearer, a tail flopped in the air and the water flew up as if under the influence of a sub-marine mine, and the captain seeing danger called out every man to the ropes.

To capture the fish was the next thing in order and there happened to be on board a man who had thrown the lasso over many a wild Western broncho, and he was the man who did the trick.

The man gathered up his rope, surveyed the distance and with a dexterous fling, landed the rope right under the fins of the sea monster. Then the fun began, for the shark showed the gameness of a trout, and plunged here and there, throwing up the water in his trial. The men on board held to the ropes, and as one described it to a reporter of the Press, "it was a tug of war." At last the shark showed signs of weakening and then it was a dead pull to the boat. When the game, so to speak, was once on board, accurate measurements were made and it was found that in length the fish was 9 feet 7 inches; the tail was 6 feet 7 inches and that it had eight fins. It was a voracious monster, for in its maw at least six herrings remained undigested.—Portland (Ore.) Press.

# Punished Insanity with Contempt.

Stories about remarkable ruling of trial courts are the fashion just now since the military gentlemen at Rennes, France, have set the example for picturesque things of this kind. Two or three traveling men were sitting in the lobby of the Great Northern talking the thing over, when the lawyer came along, and he told them this:

There is an examining magistrate in South Omaha, whose duty it is to see if people accused of insanity are really mentally unbalanced. Not long ago he came down to his office on a bicycle and opened court without having removed his knickerbockers and gaudy stockings. A young man was brought up from the cellhouse, where he had been protesting for twelve hours that he was the only really sane man in the State of Nebraska. The lawyers and the court attendants asked him a few questions. Usually these are very direct. The patient is asked pointedly if he considers himself sane. That was the case here.

"Well," said the youth, "I am not crazy enough to ride a bicycle between two trolley cars when they are passing in opposite directions."

The court took that as a reflection on him—as something personal and scandalous. It affected him as a man and as a rider, out it was a direct assault on the dignity of courts as well. And he sent the patient to the detention hospital for contempt of court.

This is probably the only thing the court-martial at Rennes did not think of doing.—Chicago Post.

# Burke's Famous Dagger.

Apropos of Lord Rosebery's visit to Beaconsfield to unveil a memorial to Burke, a correspondent writes: Sir Edward Lawson has at his house, Sir Barnard at Beaconsfield, among very interesting relics of Burke, among them the identical dagger which Burke flung on the floor of the House of Commons in his speech on the second reading of the aliens bill on the 28th of December, 1792, to testify his abhorrence of the principles of the French revolution. It is a mere toy dagger made of wood. It was sent from France to a manufacturer at Birmingham with an order for a large number to be made like it, and Burke had only received it the same day from Sir James Bland Burgess on his way down to the House. The celebrated dagger scene was like many other historic episodes in the House of Commons, wholly unprepared.

# ACQUIRING CITIZENSHIP.

Most Nations Open Wide the Doors for the Foreigner.

It has always been the policy of wise states, and especially of those connected with commerce, to open wide the door for the reception and naturalization of foreigners. But there are none the less some very striking differences in the laws of nations as affecting the stranger within their gates.

Great Britain, for instance, differs materially from continental nations in the opportunities she offers foreigners resident in that country to "naturalize"—that is to say, to become on an absolute equality with the "natural-born" subject.

Its rules are very simple in the matter. Any foreigner who has been a resident of the United Kingdom for five years, and intends to go on living there, has only to apply to the home office, giving full particulars of his birth, means of subsistence, and stating his intention to reside in the United Kingdom, for a certificate of naturalization to be supplied him. Then all he has to do is to take the oath of allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, her heirs and successors. This done and the certificate registered at the home office, and he is as much a Briton as if he had been born there.

In Austria a stranger may acquire rights of naturalization by being employed as a public functionary. But as there are only a very few foreigners who hold public positions, that is a small factor in the situation. And even if one served in the Austrian army one is not granted the rights of citizenship. The authorities only have the power of granting naturalization certificates to individuals who have been conducting a profession in the country for ten years. So that in this anti-democratic land foreigners are absolutely debarred from citizenship.

Germany is certainly better in this respect. There one need only be nominated, not appointed, to any public office to become a citizen, and though certain exceptions are made as to Jews, still the authorities are empowered to naturalize any stranger who can satisfy them as to his being reasonably well-conducted and having a means of livelihood.

Both Austria and Germany are alike in one bad respect, however. No German or Austrian may leave his country without permission, and even if that is given they forfeit—theoretically, at least—their citizenship.

Some nations are very jealous of taking a man back once he has, by naturalizing, ceased to be a citizen of the land of his birth. France, in this respect, has perhaps the wisest rule. A Frenchman ceases to be a Frenchman if he accepts office under a foreign government without permission, or even if he establishes himself abroad for a lengthy period. But he can again be a citizen of his own country by renouncing the land of his adoption and applying to be re-naturalized.

This, on the whole, is the most intricate phase of the naturalization question, and, despite the fact that there is a considerable body of international law on the subject, disagreements between states frequently occur, and have sometimes assumed serious dimensions. It has also cropped up in the Transvaal controversy.

Up to very recent years England did not allow an Englishman who had naturalized in another country to become again a British subject; and even now, once he has repudiated his nationality he ceases, for the time being, to be under British protection, or of any more concern to Britannia than a Pole or a Spaniard.

Russia has very funny naturalization laws. Any one may become a subject of the czar by taking the oath of allegiance to him, and this he can, if he chooses, renounce at pleasure. But with natural born Russian subjects the law is extremely strict, and the czar can call any of these back to Russia at any moment he chooses, and compel them to live there.

Another funny point—and one scarcely liked by advanced women—is that the wife always takes her husband's nationality, even if he alters it half a dozen times.

# What is Tettenier?

It is a sure cure for all skin diseases. It cures itch, tetter, ringworm, eczema, rheum, etc. Never fails. Nothing is just as good. Don't accept substitutes. Try and you will be convinced. Send for others free. If your druggist doesn't keep it, send 50c. in stamps direct to me, Mr. J. H. Delux, Savannah, Ga., for a box postpaid.

# The Savoy Hotel in Kansas City Has a Dog that acts as bellboy, going for mail and carrying notes to the clerk.

# Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

# The most dangerous acquaintance a married man can make is the female coquette.

# Delux Eyes

Are always weak eyes and should be treated at once with Leonard's Golden Eye Lotion. Cool, healthy, strengthening. Cures sore eyes without pain in one day. Be certain to get "Leonard's"—it makes strong eyes. Sold at 25c. or, if forwarded prepaid on receipt of price by B. B. Leonard & Co., Tampa, Fla.

# Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. If C.C.C. fail druggists refund money.

# Formidable Ironclads of Early Days.

Napoleon designed a floating fortress in 1789, 1,500 feet long—a flat ship with three turrets, much like the Monitor—with which he desired to invade England. In 1810 England built her first line-of-battle-ship, the Royal Prince, which was an improvement over everything before attempted. It was said "she was doubly built," and the "godliest ship that was built in England." The first frigate was built also in England, of thirty-two guns, "and was so light and swift of sailing that in a short time she had, ere the Dutch war ended, taken as much money from privateers as would have laden her."

# Diet the Thing.

Doctors assert that they cannot cure rheumatism because the patient will not diet according to orders. No two practitioners prescribe alike. One says a fruit and vegetable diet is the thing, another recommends beef and mutton, a third fish and eggs, a fourth skimmed milk and lemons, and so on. Some prescribe coffee, others prohibit it. On general principles, all object to spirituous and saccharine matters must be avoided.

There are 12,000 Poles in London and 50,000 in New York City.

# "A Gentle Wind of Western Birth"

Tells no sweeter story to humanity than the announcement that the health-giver and health-bringer, Hood's Sarsaparilla, tells of the birth of an era of good health. It is the one reliable specific for the cure of all blood, stomach and liver troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

# INSOMNIA

"I have been using CASCARETS for insomnia with which I have been afflicted for over twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all they are represented." THOMAS GILLMAN, Dighton, Ill.

CANDY CATHARTIC  
Cascarets  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip. 10c. 25c. 50c. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 315

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

# CURE YOUR HORSE

of Spavin, Curb, Splint, Capped Hock, Sore Tendons, Cuts, Kicks, Bruises, etc., by using

# SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Also an invaluable remedy for man. When taken internally it cures Cramps and Colic. It is the best antiseptic known. Every bottle is warranted. Sold by dealers and druggists generally. Family size, 25c. Horse size, 50c. and \$1.00. Prepared by EARL S. SLOAN, Boston, Mass.

# SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

London capitalists are interested in the proposal to lay a cable from Vancouver, B. C., to Skagway, Alaska, to connect with the telegraph line to Dawson City, which is expected to be completed soon. This will put the money-makers in touch with the gold fields, and incidentally the cause of civilization and humanity will be greatly aided, when the suffering in these dreary districts can to a degree be reduced by this connection with the civilized world.

A remarkable case of salvage is that of the steamship Milwaukee, which last autumn went ashore at Port Errol, near Peterhead. Finding it impossible to float her, as a large part of her ore was inextricably jammed, she was cut in two with belts of dynamite cartridges, no less than 320 pounds of dynamite being used. The after part, extending from just below the forward end of the navigating bridge, was towed to the Tyne and moored in that river until a new bow end was built, launched and made ready to connect to it. It is remarkable that this half of the vessel was towed with the bulk-head end foremost and that the tug-boats were assisted by the ship's own engines. The repairs were so successful in their attempt to dry-dock that the two pieces were in correct relative positions, and but little subsequent adjustment was found necessary. A stranger would never suppose he was not looking at the original bow, and would find it impossible to point out where junction was effected. In point of fact, the Milwaukee is now as perfect and as strong as ever she was.

The translation of Capt. Drury's letters to his wife is selling at the rate of 600 copies a day—an almost unprecedented sale for a book of that character.

# To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c. or 25c. If C.C.C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Gov. Steinhilber, of Idaho, never has more a headache.

# How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We have the undersigned, known as J. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm. WEST & TRUX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

As "unkindness has no remedy at law," let it avoidance be with you a point of honor.—Hoshea Ballou.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lott, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1894.

# His Tested Guests.

There were eight of us going to stop at the same town and the same hotel in a Kansas hamlet, and we talked things over before we left the train. Each one registered himself as a professor, judge or general, and when the last name was down we stood waiting to hear any observation from the landlord. He was a quiet-spoken, humble-looking man, and he should have been duly impressed with the array of names. He wasn't, though. He read them over in a careless way and then looked up to say:

"All right, professors, judges and generals; I'll do the best I can for you, and I guess most of the folks will turn out to your circus tomorrow if the weather is pleasant."—The Columbian.

The Old Colony Company has applied for a charter to construct a railroad tunnel under Pike's peak, with branches encircling the Cripple creek district, the total length being fifty miles. The tunnel will enter the mountains at Colorado City and emerge at Manitou.

# Coreans and the "Devil Cars."

The Coreans have not taken kindly to the electric car. It is to them a machination of the devil, fraught with the most horrible consequences to the population and country through which it passes. The new road from Seoul to Chemulpo was opened a month ago, and the affair was intended to impress the Coreans with the advantages of the trolley to their kingdom. The natives swarmed to see the trial trip of the "devil cars"—wagons propelled by a force that was not human and not understandable. They were skeptical and afraid. The long drouth prevailing in the Seoul district needed an explanation.

All that was needed to stir the natives to a fanatical outburst against the foreign devil's innovation was an accident, and, unfortunately, that occurred. A Corean child strayed on the track of the incoming car. Its little body was mangled horribly.

The Japanese motorman, and the officials of the American firm which constructed the lines and to fly for their lives. The Coreans refused to supply guards, the motorman declined to board the cars. The first assault of the mob culminated in a riot; twenty of the ringleaders were arrested and executed, their severed heads being exhibited in the public places as a warning to evildoers in general, but particularly with a view to influencing the insurgents, who are now rapidly nearing Seoul, and who gained considerable accession through the "devil car" riots.—Collier's Weekly.

# England's Good Example.

Whatever we may think of the policy of Great Britain in general, nobody can help admiring the vigor with which she has always fulfilled the duty of protecting her citizens abroad. Generations of Americans have looked with envy upon that example. More than fifty years ago American citizens in Mexico declared themselves British subjects to secure good treatment from the Mexican officials, and the same device has often been adopted in other countries. It would be an excellent thing if the present administration's admiration for things English would lead it to imitate this feature of English policy to such an extent that Americans anywhere in the world would be held in as much respect as is accorded to Britons or people of any other nationality.—San Francisco Examiner.

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The use of coat-of-arms as badges for different families did not come into practice till the twelfth century. The Germans are said to have originated it, while the French developed the science.

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Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving out the impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sticky, bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c., 25c., 50c.

# Figures collected from the manufacturers of clothing go to show that during the past ten years the girls of the average American citizen who wears "pants" has increased from 46 to 47 1/4 inches.

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## ADDRESS BY GOV. JOHNSTON

Reviews His Own Administration and  
the Cavils of His Enemies.

## OPPOSITIONS CAN READ BETWEEN THE LINES

And Get Ready for a Fight, for the  
Governor is Inviting Them to  
Battle—His Own Position  
Defined.

October 7, 1899.

To the People of Alabama.  
Every public official who recognizes that government is organized by the people for their own use and protection should be ready at any time to give an account of how he is discharging the trust committed to him. Those who have been honest and faithful have nothing to fear, and those who have been unfaithful should fear the source of the people on the backs.

## UNFAITHFUL AND INCOMPETENT OFFICIALS.

When I came into office I determined so far as lay in my power that no dishonest or unfaithful official should be permitted to escape punishment. The first case that came to my attention was that of a certain official who was found short by Examiner Reeves and made good that default. But I had heard that he was reported by the Grand Jury. My persistent and unyielding attempts to secure a good bond brought about the fact that the official had been reported by the Grand Jury. I was attempting to persecute and drive out of office an honest and faithful official to make room for some dishonest or unfaithful official. I gave no heed to these attacks and in less than eight months had shown that this man was a dishonest and unfaithful official. I had given him a full and fair opportunity to see the errors and defects of his own work, and to make any explanation he might desire. No favoritism has been shown, no partiality has been exercised, no wrong doing condoned. Thousands of errors have been disclosed and thousands of dollars have been paid out of the Treasury to correct them. Many of these errors were honest, but none the less should the money have been paid where it belonged. It is a most notable fact that since April, 1897, when these examinations commenced, few errors are found in the accounts of any official. I pay the County officials in Alabama as commensurate, prompt, accurate and faithful in responsibility as I can make them.

A few men are yet found who denounce these examinations as an outrage upon the officials, and who claim to be superior to those who create them. I have examined the accounts of every official, and I have found that the examinations are a most notable fact that since April, 1897, when these examinations commenced, few errors are found in the accounts of any official. I pay the County officials in Alabama as commensurate, prompt, accurate and faithful in responsibility as I can make them.

The day has passed in Alabama when an official can claim to be superior to those who create them. I have examined the accounts of every official, and I have found that the examinations are a most notable fact that since April, 1897, when these examinations commenced, few errors are found in the accounts of any official. I pay the County officials in Alabama as commensurate, prompt, accurate and faithful in responsibility as I can make them.

Another reform instituted at my instance is the Tax Commission Law. The object and purpose of this law was to have an official body to examine the accounts of the Assessor and where that official has negligently, ignorantly and corruptly permitted the property of the people to be assessed at less than its value, to correct the same, and compel every citizen to pay his share of the taxes of his State.

The operation of this law is best shown in Jefferson County where under a conservative and judicious administration the taxable values were increased over the assessment this year over \$5,000,000 and the assessment was made by a capable and honest Board of Revenue not only called in for payment \$25,000 of County bonds, but the County nearly one-third. In other words some five or six hundred tax payers who were escaping their share of taxes were now being asked to do something like their duty and the burden has been lifted from the shoulders of those who were making false returns.

It has been charged that this law reflects upon the Tax Assessors. The people are not disturbed about any reflection that honestly saves them money and in the case cited the Assessors in violation of their duty and in violation of the law permitted corporations to under value their property to the extent in one case of \$1,000,000 and in many other cases of thousands of dollars as shown by the valuations of the Board of Revenue and the agreement of the Corporation themselves. If Assessors make such errors as that instead of allowing them to pass for fear of reflecting on them or bounding their tender consciences, they should have their conduct of their office exposed and held up to the judgment of the people.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION.  
It has been my hope and ambition during my term as Governor to be able to largely reduce the rate of taxation and lighten the burdens on the shoulders of the people, for the people have a right to equal taxation. The Tax Commission Law was designed; how well it has operated is shown by the fact that the raises on property for the year ending September 30, 1899, by the Tax Commissioners aggregated eight million dollars; partial returns made within the past thirty days show that the raises for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1900, will reach ten million dollars. The tax on nearly twenty millions of property brought in by the State and County Treasuries to increase our surplus, build roads and maintain schools. Another year of the work ought to enable us to reduce our State tax rate at least one third without any threat to the Treasury. If we could secure a fair assessment of our property there would be no trouble at the next session of the General Assembly in reducing the State Tax rate about one-half and at the same time have our State to set the splendid example of compelling every citizen to carry his fair share of the public burdens.

The tax rate has been raised for two purposes only one to educate our children, and the other to care for the mained heroes who fought our battles and immortalized our State by their deeds of valor.

SCHOOLS.  
Reforms have been instituted in our educational system from the University down, fitness being made the standard of availability, and all these high institutions are doing now better work than at any time in many years.

Appropriations for the Common Schools have been increased one hundred thousand dollars out of the General Fund, and nearly a quarter million by special tax. We are trying to enfranchise the intellect and make a citizenship that will be the pride of our State. These things would have been impossible had not other reforms and economies been put in operation.

The census of the school children was reduced in one day from 19,567 to 13,726. The standard of qualification for teachers has been greatly elevated and on the lines recommended by me in my inaugural message to the General Assembly, the management of education is making gratifying progress under the stimulus of large appropriations and more progressive laws.

The management of the public schools lands (left sections) has simply been disgraced. The books of the Department fail to show the disposition of thousands upon thousands of acres; notes given for the purchase of land aggregating some \$30,000 and running from 1850 to 1880 appear, so far as the records show, to have never been collected. In many cases notes were sent out for collection and no further action has been taken. Thousands of acres of land have been lost by permitting squatters to enter upon them and then bring suit. Under an act passed at the last session I have been having all these notes and claims examined and have already recovered back some 4,000 thousand acres of land that was being claimed without right, and these notes have already been paid on compromises where the whole could not be recovered. I hope yet to save more to the State.

THE DEFICIT PAID.  
Before I was inaugurated a joint committee of the two Houses of the General Assembly was appointed to examine the financial condition of the State and report thereon. It made a report on the 25th of November, 1896, reported that the deficit on January 1, 1897, would amount to \$1,000,000. It has been estimated that this deficit has been entirely extinguished and the State pays cash on every claim. To accomplish this result every year this deficit has been stopped, every unnecessary expense has been cut off and the most rigid economy enforced.

COST OF TRANSMITTING SCHOOL FUNDS UNDER SEC. 301 OF THE CODE.  
Year ending Sept. 30, 1894 \$560.42  
Year ending Sept. 30, 1895 1,140.71  
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Year ending Sept. 30, 1897 741.85  
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successor would dare pursue like methods. CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.  
When the officers seeking and apportionment were disgruntled at my conduct of the office an acute issue arose over the question of holding a Constitutional Convention. In 1895, I suggested that the wisest course would be to call a Constitutional Convention to secure any reforms needed was an amendment on the line of money recently secured for Birmingham. This would have enabled every elector to pass directly on the question of holding a Constitutional Convention. I saw fit to pass an act submitting to the electors the free and untrammeled vote of the people on the question of holding a Constitutional Convention. I desired a convention to be held or not. Whilst not believing this to be the best plan to secure the reforms needed, I was not willing to set up my judgment, like Governor Cleveland, against the majority of my party in each House of the Legislature, or on the part of the people, to decide whether they desired a convention to be held or not.

This was followed by the calling of a State convention of the Democratic Party, the Democrats of the State gave little heed to the call, not one-fifth taking part in the primaries, and when the Convention met instead of representing the great body of the people it was a mere handful. It was largely composed of men who had bolted the party in 1895 or had refused their support to the party in 1896, and in violation of the spirit of the Statute went away so far as could be seen, to hold a Constitutional Convention and commanded them to vote for it whether they favored it or not, on the basis of being discredited bolters and traitors. Knowing that the General Assembly never contemplated any such course as this, I took counsel of its members and of the people, and the majority of Democrats in each House, I assembled the Legislature in Special Session.

This infuriated the leaders of the Convention movement; they called on the press and our Senators and Congressmen to denounce me for daring to assemble the Legislature in Special Session to repeal an act that had passed. It was declared that this particular act was a "traitorous" and "treasonable" act. The members were urged to adjourn immediately upon assembling to pay no heed to the attacks of the press, and to the errors or the wishes of their constituents. Those who favored repeal were denounced as traitors and the members of the Legislature were urged to stand by the act and experience should have taught them wisdom and moderation. The members were urged to stand by the act and experience should have taught them wisdom and moderation. The members were urged to stand by the act and experience should have taught them wisdom and moderation.

When I came into office the Convict Department owed about \$20,000. Supplies purchased for the convicts had to be bought on credit. Reforms were instituted and expenses reduced so that in a little over a year the deficit of \$20,000 was paid, \$7,500 covered into the General Fund to aid in paying the expenses of the State, and the balance of \$12,500 was paid on hand of about \$45,000, and we hold manufactured goods worth \$14,000. The total net cost is thus shown to have been nearly \$135,000 in this time. Never before, and that some years ago, has any money been paid out of the General Fund to this Department. There is no reason why the convicts should not be brought to aid in educating the children of the State whilst being punished for their crimes.

THE DEFICIT PAID.  
Before I was inaugurated a joint committee of the two Houses of the General Assembly was appointed to examine the financial condition of the State and report thereon. It made a report on the 25th of November, 1896, reported that the deficit on January 1, 1897, would amount to \$1,000,000. It has been estimated that this deficit has been entirely extinguished and the State pays cash on every claim. To accomplish this result every year this deficit has been stopped, every unnecessary expense has been cut off and the most rigid economy enforced.

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Year ending Sept. 3







## A Pretty Hat

From  
MRS. ARMSTRONG'S,  
The Fancy Milliner.

After the 1st of October the customers of this well-known establishment may be served with all the

### LATEST MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

By that time Miss Milner will be back from the Atlanta openings, and will be prepared to show the latest styles and give the most brilliant effects. Our stock this season will be ahead of all past displays, and the prices will fit the purses of all. Watch for the announcement of our opening.

Mrs. L. C. Armstrong.

## THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

### SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

#### Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know.

Will Milner was in town the first of the week.

J. K. Milner, of Anniston, was here Tuesday.

John Pilgreen, of Calera, was in the city Monday.

James Evans, of Wilsonville, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Ed. Saxton visited relatives at Vincent this week.

J. L. Anderson, of Childersburg, was in town yesterday.

J. H. Page spent yesterday in Birmingham on business.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Tinsley on the 8th inst., a boy.

M. D. L. Stewart, of Wilsonville, was in the city Monday.

Wm. R. A. Milner spent several days in Birmingham this week.

Max Lefkowitz, Sr., of Bisbee, Arizona, is visiting in the city.

E. B. Teague, Jr., of Fourmile, spent Sunday here with friends.

Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine has greatly benefited others and is reasonably certain to do you good. Try it!

W. B. Browne, Esq., transacted business in Birmingham Monday.

N. A. Graham and J. R. Hill, of Calera, were in the city Tuesday.

L. W. Jack, of Shreveport, La., was here on legal business Monday.

Dr. B. H. Smothers and Walter Lester, of Weldon, were in the city Tuesday.

L. W. Jackson and wife, of Anniston, visited relatives in the city last week.

Mrs. Sallie Rhodes, of Montgomery, visited relatives in the city yesterday.

LOST.—One diamond ring. Liberal reward if returned to M. T. Hammond.

Sheriff Walthall spent Monday and Tuesday with his family at Harpersville.

The most stubborn cases of Bronchitis succumb to Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25 and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

Mrs. Alice Little and John Strickland, of Pelham, visited relatives in the city this week.

J. W. Harrell and wife have abandoned house-keeping and are now boarding with Mrs. Porter.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

Reedy Walls, who has been at work with J. H. Hammond, has resigned his position to enter school.

Rev. S. N. Burns filled his appointment at the Methodist church Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sam Strickland has been awarded the management of the county poor house by the commissioners court.

Dizziness, loss of appetite, flatulency and nausea are all connected with dyspepsia or indigestion. Herbine will give prompt relief. Price 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

FOUND.—A ring. Owner may regain same by applying to Dr. Lovett and describing it, and paying for this advertisement.

Ed. Walls is again behind the counters in J. H. Hammond's grocery store, where he will be pleased to wait on his many friends.

H. C. Crump, Jasper, Ala., writes: I have used Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine 20 years and believe it the best Liver Medicine on the market. Have had Black Drought handed to me, the clerk declaring it was genuine Simmons Medicine. I told him I knew better and refused to take it.

T. J. Weaver has taken charge of the Central Hotel, which has been renovated and many other changes for the better made.

G. W. Hanson, checking agent for the Singer Machine Co., and J. H. Mason, of Wilsonville, were in town Sunday and Monday.

Dr. A. T. Rowe has purchased the residence formerly occupied by E. W. Chapman, and will move there about the 1st of November.

Learned, Miss, March 12, 1892. I found Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic all that is claimed for it. It is as staple here as guinine.

J. H. Rhodes, M. D., Druggist.

Mrs. Owen and daughter Miss Catherine, Mrs. Sam Harrell and Miss Belle Bice, of Shelby, were in the city Monday evening shopping.

To Stimulate a Sluggish Liver, Banish Bilioussness, Disperse Dyspepsia, Prevent Sick and Nervous Headache, use Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine.

In the case of the State vs. Warren, for murder, the jury could not agree on a verdict eleven being in favor of conviction and one for acquittal.

Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine quickens the Appetite, Aids Digestion, gives Tone and Vigor to all the functions, and fortifies the system against Epidemic Influences.

Another runaway occurred last Friday, resulting in the disfigurement of a man's wagon by coming into sudden contact with a telephone pole.

Salt, the best at 55 cents per 100 pound sacks. I have in 5c, 10c, 25c, 30c and 55 cents sacks the best of all salt.

J. H. Hammond.

Whit's Cream Vermifuge is a highly valuable preparation, capable, from the promptitude of its action, of clearing the system in a few hours of every worm. Price 25 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

News has just been received of the death of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Moore in Groesbeck, Tex. The bereaved family and relatives have our sympathy.

The Health-Restorer and Health-Maintainer, Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, Strengthens the Nerves, makes you Plump and Comely, and Enriches the complexion with nature's choicest colors.

Cotton has been coming in a little faster during the past week. The price came near taking a tumble and some of the farmers decided to turn it loose. The reports from the eastern markets indicate that the price will continue to go up.

Thousands of the most stubborn and distressing cases of piles have been cured by Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment. It never fails to cure. Price, 50 cents in bottles, tubes 75 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

On last Friday evening Mrs. M. E. Parker and her charming daughter, Miss Nellie, gave a reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jackson of Anniston. Miss Nellie is a delightful hostess and each guest felt reluctant to say the inevitable goodnight.

Homer, La., June 2, 1887. Recently my horse was relieved of a severe case of colic by the use of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic.

T. B. Warren, Pastor M. E. Church.

Just received and for sale, cheaper than the cheapest: Dried apples, dried peaches, prunes, raisins, citrin, stick and fancy candies. Heinz's best pickles, both sweet and sour, in bulk or bottles. Sauces of all kinds, canned goods of all sorts, including condensed milk and soups, beefsteak, roast beef, potted ham, etc.

J. H. Hammond.

Why suffer with that painful Wound when Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will stop the pain and heal it so quickly and costs so little? One application will convince and convert you. Price 50c.

### Circuit Court.

Circuit court adjourned last Saturday, after a session of three weeks, during which time much business was disposed of. Judge Pelham is strictly a business man, and pushes the business of the court. In his rulings, he seems to be perfectly fair and impartial, but firm and positive.

The following cases were disposed of last week:

The State vs. John Warren, for the murder of Henry Armstrong; the jury made a mistrial.

Henry Smith, col., was convicted of an assault with a weapon and fined \$100 and costs. He confessed judgement for the fine and costs.

Tom Jones, col., charged with murder, plead guilty of manslaughter in first degree and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

The State vs. John Ware, col., for the murder of Lewis Howard, col., the jury returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree and fixed his punishment at five years in the state penitentiary.

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as to the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c. by Hall Drug Co.

### Honor Roll.

The following is the honor roll of the Vincent Free School for month ending Sept. 29th, 1899:

Sixth Grade—Oscar McGraw, Annie O. Kidd, Zada Davis, Opal Kidd.

Fifth Grade—Annie Williams, Fourth Grade—Mary Anna McGraw, Oillie Williams, Annie Maude Kidd.

Third Grade—Gundy Roberts, Ludie Williams, Oillie Bilbrey.

C. H. Florey, Principal.

### A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, doing before I can scarcely remember through the Universe." So will everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest, or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottles, free at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

### For Sale.

Having sold out my farm, farming implements, etc., I will on Oct. 24th, 1899, sell to the highest bidder for cash, at my old homestead, the following:

Household and kitchen furniture; 60 bushels of wheat; 16 head of geese.

Mrs. M. S. Richardson, Three miles west from Columbiana. Sell Your Cotton Now and Buy Tobacco.

Peerless brand at 27½ cents per pound by the 10 pound caddy. Early Bird, Red Apple, Schnapps, War, Honey Dew and Home Comfort chewing tobacco at Factory Prices at J. H. Hammond.

### A frightful Blunder.

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Hall Drug Co., Druggist.

### Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our sincere and heartfelt thanks to the good people of Columbiana for their kindness to us during the sickness and death of our little girl.

J. W. M. PAGE AND WIFE.

Don't you forget that Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic will cure colic in horses and mules. 25 cents a dose, two doses in a bottle. Keep it convenient.

Old Glory pine apple Drips, Old Fashioned sugar cane molasses in 10, 20 and 40 cent cans.

J. H. Hammond.

Pleasant, harmless, reliable. Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic is the best remedy for wounds, burns, bruises, stings of insects, etc.

A. B. Lacey, who has been engaged in making a map for Shelby county, returned to his home in Birmingham last Friday.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, in either the human subject or in animals, as a dressing, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent; while for sores on working horses, especially if slow to heal, or suppurating, its healing qualities are unequalled. Price, 25 cents, and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

### ATTENTION!

Teachers, Trustees and Patrons of Public Schools.

The examination of teachers takes place at Columbiana, Dec. 14th, 1899.

In contracting with teachers, those holding license under the new law, should have the preference. Though teachers, who held license under the old law, may be contracted with as though they had passed the State examination and may teach during this quarter at their own risk. For in the event they fail in the December examination, no public funds will be paid such teachers. Trustees must write on the back of their contracts these words, "No license."

All school contracts must be filed on or before the 15th day of the month preceeding pay day of each quarter. Section 3562, Code of 1896, directs "that all township trustees, shall on the last Monday in October, call a meeting of the parents and guardians of school children, and at such meeting locate the schools, by numbering each one, and to ascertain the exact number of pupils located to each school, and how many are transferred and where to."

I will endeavor to notify the trustees before the date above mentioned, the exact amount the general fund will pay each pupil according to the July enumeration, so that the monthly salary of the teacher from the general fund may be easily ascertained.

Now after the monthly salary has been stated in the contract, then write in the face of the contract that the teacher is to receive poll tax for that number of children located to his school from such township. Say 61 pupils or 90 pupils as the case may be. This rule also applies to transferred pupils, but you must be governed strictly by the July enumeration.

A complete report of the business transacted at your annual meetings must be furnished me on blanks supplied by me.

No contract will be approved until I know how many pupils are located to the school.

Hereafter public school teachers must use more care in preparing their quarterly reports. They must be made complete in every particular, and correctly signed and certified to by trustees according to law or no money will be paid the teacher until it is done. "Teachers remember this!" It is to be hoped that trustees and teachers of public schools will thoroughly inform themselves and become familiar with the law governing public schools.

There will be an increase in the general fund of about 40 per cent, and the schools throughout the county must be lengthened to some extent. Longer terms are needed, especially in rural districts.

EUGENE WILLIAMS, County Supt. of Education.

### Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters'; and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store.

### Reduced Rates to Birmingham.

On account of the Alabama State Fair to be held at Birmingham, Ala., November 7th to 18th, 1899, the Southern Railway will sell tickets from points on its line to Birmingham and return at rate of one fare for the round trip, plus fifty cents admission to the Fair Grounds. From points in the state of Alabama, tickets will be sold November 5th to 18th, inclusive, with final limit to return November 20th, 1899; from other points, as far east as Knoxville, Tenn., tickets will be sold November 7th, 10th, 13th and 16th, limited to return until November 29th, 1899. From points in the state of Alabama, tickets will also be sold on November 8th, 11th and 14th, with final limit to return five days from date of sale, but not to exceed Nov. 20th, at rate much less than one fare for the round trip, plus fifty cents admission to the Fair Grounds.

For further information, call on Southern Railway ticket agent.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor for a pardon of Jasper Nabors, who was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for 25 years at the Spring Term, 1898, of the Circuit Court of Shelby County.

S. E. NABORS.

### Saginaw.

The literary school opened here last Monday, with Miss Sarah Abner of Randolph as teacher.

Miss Mary Smitherman was the guest of Sallie Wells Sunday.

The protracted meeting began here the third Sunday, conducted by Revs. Harris and Ferguson.

Mr. Redding, of Calera, has moved to our town.

A. Leonard, of this place has moved near Longview.

Mr. Atkinson, of Longview, was in our town Saturday.

Miss Mattie Hale, of Campbell, passed through here Sunday.

C. E. Hale transacted business at Dogwood last week.

Mr. Williams, the engineer at this place, can still be seen crossing the mountain on the dark mule.

SISIE.

### That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents, money back if not cured. Sold by Hall Drug Co., Druggist.

### Vandiver.

A good rain, which was needed very much, fell last Saturday.

Cotton picking is the order of the day up here.

W. J. Andrews has recently put down a large pair of wagon scales at this place.

Several people from this community attended court at Columbiana last week.

Mrs. Lee, of Cook Springs, visited the family of Dr. Abercrombie last Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Meady Salser, of Goodwin's Mill, visited relatives at this place Saturday and Sunday.

Prof. Abercrombie's school closed at this place last Friday, with a daily average of over 35 pupils. He will open school at Sterrett next Monday for a seven or eight months term.

Miss Lola Babb returned last Saturday from an extended visit to relatives at Woodlawn.

We are glad to say we have a Sunday school at this place, which is running at full blast.

MAJOR WOLLY.

Planter's RUSSIAN TEA cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion. Regulates the Liver. Price, 25 cts. For sale by Hall Drug Co.

### Reduced Rates to Oxford, Ala.

On account of the Northeast Alabama Fair Association at Oxford Lake, Ala., October 31st to November 4th, 1899, inclusive, tickets will be sold from points on the Southern Railway and Alabama Great Southern Railway, between Rome and Calera, Austell and Birmingham, Fort Payne and Tuscaloosa, to Anniston and return, at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold October 30th to November 4th, inclusive, limited to return until October 6th.

For further information, call on any ticket agent of the Southern Railway or Alabama Great Southern Railway.

Planter's RUSSIAN TEA cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion. Regulates the Liver. Price, 25 cts. For sale by Hall Drug Co.

### Reduced Rates to Montgomery.

For the occasion of the Free Street Fair at Montgomery, Ala., October 23rd—28th, the Southern Railway and Alabama Great Southern Railway, will sell tickets from points on their lines between Anniston and York, Marion Junction and Mobile, Akron and Marion, Anniston and Columbus, Miss, Attalla and York, and all intermediate points to Montgomery, Ala., and return at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold October 21st to 29th inclusive, limited to return until October 30th.

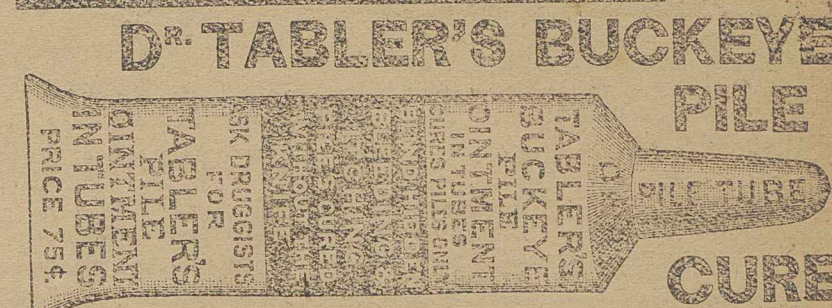
For further information, call on Southern Railway or Alabama Great Southern Railway ticket.

### Notice.

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S. E. NABORS.

## A BOON TO MANKIND!



### A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED. TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. For Sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana, Alabama.

## A WORD TO THE WISE!

As we bought a much larger stock for fall than usual it is necessary for us to reduce our present stock as much as possible.

## Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes,

## HATS, NO. IONS, LADIES' AND GENT'S

## Furnishing, Millinery, Ladies' Wraps

Cloth and Silk Plush Capes, Jackets, Worsted and Silk Skirts, Furniture and Groceries: in which we have always led the entire section for low prices on every item.

### OUR PRICES.

Heavy Domestic, per yrd. 3 cents. Standard Calicoes, all colors 3 ct. Good Cotton Checks, 3½ cents. Fancy Outing, the very thing for school dresses, 4½ cents. Extra heavy Canton Flannel 5 ct. All-wool Red Flannel 12½ cents. All-wool white Flannel, 13½ cents. Ladies' Corsets, 25 cents. Heavy Jeans, 10 cents. Ladies' Black Hose, 5 cents. 2 Spools good machine thread, 5. 10 Balls No. 1 thread, 5 cents. Ladies' black beaver double capes, trimmed with sutch fur, 50 ct. Ladies' dongola button or lace shoes, wsth \$1.25 to \$1.50, our price, \$1.00.

### OUR BARGAINS

Men's all wool black chevrot suits, sizes 34 to 42, \$2.50. Men's imported black clay worsted suits custom made, \$5.00. Men's good pants, 75 cents. Laundered shirts, 25 cents. Good suspenders, leather backs, 10. Heavy undershirts, 15 cents. Leather belts, 15 cents. Boy's knee pants, all wool, 25 ct. Men's shoes, lace or congress, \$1.00. We have a large lot of ladies' and children's shoes in odds and ends which we will sell below cost. On all heavy groceries we will give you the lowest market prices. Arbuckle's and Levering's coffee 10 cents a pound, good green coffee 12½ pounds, \$1.00.

### WE GUARANTEE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

Each customer is entitled to ONE SHARE in a fine marble clock, worth \$10, which will be given away the 1st of EVERY MONTH.

We carry absolutely everything, and no firm ever presented a greater variety from which to select than ours. Our business is said to be the most unique in this section, being always alive to the needs of the hour. By our constant effort to make ourselves valuable to our customers, we give the most faithful service to the smallest as well as the largest. The greatest factor in our remarkable success is the saving of from 15 to 25 per cent to customers, on every bill they buy from us. If you have any goods to buy it will pay you to come and see our stock and get prices. We were never in better position to save you money. We buy cotton and all marketable produce and pay the highest price for same.

## Columbiana Mercantile Co.

## ALABAMA STATE FAIR

Birmingham, Ala.

November 7th to 18th, 1899.

## Attractive Exhibits--Lively Races,

NEW BUILDINGS--NEW TRACK.

**SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.** Agriculture, Horses and Cattle, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Racing. Machinery, Merchants' Display, Forestry, Mines and Minerals. The Press, Education, Horticulture, Women's Work, Poultry and Pet Stock, Negroes' Work, Etc. Etc.

## MAGNIFICENT LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

## The Latest "MIDWAY" Attractions.

Many New and Wonderful Features

REDUCED RATES:—All railroads have granted reduced rates. All exhibits will be carefully looked after. For Premium List and further particulars, address,

J. A. ROUNDTREE, Secretary.

STATE FAIR HEADQUARTERS, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.



## "What's in a Name?"

Everything, when you come to medicines. A sarsaparilla by any other name can never equal Hood's, because of the peculiar combination, proportion and process by which Hood's possesses merit peculiar to itself, and by which it cures when all other medicines fail. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh, rheumatism, that tired feeling, etc.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

The value of the corn crop of Kansas will be more than that of all the gold and silver mined in the United States this year. The present estimate of the unprecedented crop is \$100,000,000.

**Police Court Trial and Judgment.**  
Judge Andy E. Calhoun, of the police court of Atlanta, Ga., recently passed a sentence of much importance upon a man named "Hood".

"Hood" is a great sufferer from nervous sick headache and has found no remedy so effective as Hood's Sarsaparilla. He took it when the headache first begins it invariably cures. A. E. CALHOUN.  
Price 50 cents per bottle. At all druggists, or sent for price, express paid, by T. J. Dyspepsia Remedy Co., 46 Mich. St., Atlanta, Ga.

It is estimated that there are 10,000 lawyers in New York City, while in the borough of Manhattan alone there are some 2,500 law students besides those who are studying in offices.

**Thousands of Itchy People**  
Have been cured quickly by Tetterine. It cures any form of skin disease. Mrs. M. J. Ladner, of Miss. had an itchy breakout on her skin. She sends \$1 for two boxes postpaid to the manufacturer, J. R. Shurtline, and writes, "Tetterine is the only thing that gives me relief." Send fifty cents in stamps for a box if your druggist doesn't keep it.

A good book is the precious life-blood of a master-spirit, embalmed and treasured up on purpose to a life beyond life. — Milton.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The mind attracted by what is false has no relief for better things. — Horace.

**Now is the Time to Plant Strawberries.** Our free Publications tell how to make money in them. C. E. Co., Strawberry Specialists, Kittredge, N. C.

A God speaks softly in our breast; softly, yet distinctly, shows us what to hold by and what to shun. — Goethe.

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**  
Candy Cathartic cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c, 50c. C. C. Co. full druggists refund money.

A brave spirit struggling with adversity is a spectacle for the gods. — Seneca.

**To Cure Constipation Forever.**  
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. C. C. Co. full druggists refund money.

Farmers in South Carolina have raised 20,000,000 pounds of tobacco this year.

**Deafness Cannot Be Cured**  
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists.  
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

We think Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only medicine for Coughs. — JENNIE FRYKARD, Springfield, Ill., Oct. 1, 1896.

**Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup**  
Cures all Coughs and Lung Affections.  
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.  
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 20 for 5c.

**CURE YOUR HORSE**  
of Spavin, Curb, Splint, Capped Hock, Sore Tendons, Cuts, Kicks, Bruises, etc., by using

**SLOAN'S LINIMENT**  
Also an invaluable remedy for man. When taken internally it cures Cramps and Colic. It is the best antiseptic known.

Every bottle is warranted. Sold by dealers and druggists generally. Family size, 25c. Horse size, 50c. and \$1.00.

Prepared by EARL S. SLOAN, Boston, Mass.

**Why take Nauseous Medicines?**

Are you suffering with INDIGESTION?

Are you suffering with KIDNEY or BLADDER TROUBLE?

Are you subject to COLIC, FLATULENCY or PAINS IN THE BOWELS?

Do you suffer from RETENTION or SUPPRESSION OF URINE?

Do you feel LAMOROUS, and DEBILITATED in the morning?

**WOLFE'S Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps**  
CURES THEM ALL!!

Pleasant to take, Stimulating, Diuretic, Stomachic, Absolutely Pure.

THE BEST KIDNEY AND LIVER MEDICINE IN THE WORLD!!!

For Sale by ALL GROCERS and DRUGGISTS.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

**AGENTS' SPECIALTY:** sell to every negro big money, dead easy; no fake; \$10 paid for every case proven that your goods do not give satisfaction in every test; agents counting money; everything legitimate; open and above board; send 15c stamps and silver for agents' outfit and guarantee. Boston Chemical Company, Richmond, Va.

**DIXIE FITZGERALD, G.A.,** gives away presents 1 to 20 Dollars. Send postal for particulars.

**CARTER'S INK**  
It's good enough for Uncle Sam and it's good enough for you.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY! gives quick relief and cures without cost. Back of testimony to 10 days' treatment. Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN & SONS, Box 5, Atlanta, Ga.

## STATE NEWS CHRONICINGS

Current Events Gathered From All Sections of the State.

### ALABAMA STATE FAIR TOPICS OF INTEREST

Chattanooga Southern to Complete Its Line From Gadsden to Montgomery.—Lauderdale County's Fair. New Nursery for Madison.

Interest in the state fair is rapidly increasing all over the state, and news of steps being taken by the various counties to enter into a spirited contest for the county prizes is constantly coming into the headquarters of the fair association.

Perry county has come to the front with an effort to make a splendid exhibit, and Saturday application was made for space for the exhibit, Judge J. B. Shivers, of Perry, has appointed the following committee to handle it: R. A. Hardie, Uniontown; R. A. Payor, Morrowville; W. M. Caffee, Phenix; John Sprott, Sprotts; J. F. Sattle, Felix; Dr. J. B. Lucker, Jericho; John B. Curb, Curbville; J. C. Folsom, Mooreville; A. C. Davidson, Uniontown, and S. A. Crawford, Hamburg.

In the poultry department the prospects point to an exceedingly large exhibit. A letter has been received from W. W. Babcock, of Addison, N. Y., applying for space for 300 chickens, and Superintendent McCafferty is in receipt of a communication from a poultry association in Atlanta stating that it will send a car load of fowls to compete for prizes.

The Mexican Band is now practically a certainty. Secretary Rountree is now arranging transportation for it. The band will be in Atlanta eighteen days and here during the entire fair.

November 16 has been set apart as Negro Day, and those in charge of that department say there will be 10,000 negroes to attend on that day.

The Confederate Veterans will hold a meeting to take steps concerning the matter of Veterans' Day. They have been given November 13, and on that day will march to the grounds headed by two big brass bands.

#### Lauderdale County's Fair.

The annual Lauderdale county holiday season was held at Florence last week, when the gates of the Lauderdale County Fair association were thrown open for the sixth annual fair. The agricultural feature of the fair this year was almost a failure, owing to the long drouth in that county, which has burned up everything worth exhibiting. There was a splendid display of hogs, cattle, horses and mules, chickens, etc. The ladies' department in Floral hall, where are exhibited specimens of all kinds of fancy work, products of the kitchen, etc., was the most splendid success ever made.

#### Bringing in Ore Miners.

Six hundred ore miners are to be brought to Birmingham this week from Atlanta and other towns in Georgia, to be put to work in the ore mines at Ishkooda. The mines at Ishkooda have been needing men for some time, but the strike which prevailed there and the disorder and bloodshed kept a number of negroes away from the place. However, everything has been quieted and the negroes can work in peace and just as many as can be secured will be brought.

#### Nursery Near Huntsville.

A deal has been consummated at Huntsville for the location of another large nursery in Madison county, to be located on an acreage of 850 acres, directly south of the city, by a Louisiana, Missouri, firm. Two hundred and fifty men will be employed steadily. The nursery will be worth \$80,000.

#### One Thousand Petitions in Bankruptcy.

The 1,000 mark has been reached in the bankruptcy department of the United States court at Birmingham. Up to date just 1,000 petitions have been filed in the local office of the court and handled by the referee in bankruptcy. While there have been among these several important cases, a large percentage of the petitions were filed by parties involved to the extent of less than \$100.

#### Alabamian Killed in Philippines.

Capt. Bogardus Eldridge, of the Fourteenth infantry, who was killed October 2 at Manila, was a native of Huntsville. He was the son of Wm. G. Eldridge, a prominent physician of Madison county.

#### Asphyxiated.

A negro laborer named Jim Thomas laid down next to a gas flue at the glass furnaces in Birmingham to take a nap. In a few moments he was asphyxiated.

### RAILROAD EXTENSION.

Chattanooga Southern Will Be Extended From Gadsden to Montgomery.

The extension of the Chattanooga Southern is now an assured fact. The road will be extended from Gadsden to Montgomery and a branch line will be built into Birmingham. The Chattanooga Southern extends from Chattanooga to Gadsden, and the mileage extension will be over 125 miles. Running south from Gadsden, it will tap the Black Creek coal fields, some of the most valuable property in the state, and the route to Montgomery will pierce a section of good country. The branch line from Birmingham will tap the main line about forty-five miles south of Gadsden.

General Manager Bonzano, in an interview in Chattanooga Saturday, states that the extensions will cost \$1,500,000.

The Chattanooga Southern is now owned by C. J. P. Huntington and Russell Sage.

#### The State School Fund.

The census of school children of the state is taken every two years, and from the returns just in from the census taken in August it is shown that there are 635,354 children of the school age in the state. In 1897 there were 613,812. The per capita for the two years ending September 30, 1899, was 73 cents. The apportionment for this year is \$1.05, the estimated poll tax running up to \$1.30.

Unapportioned appropriation for 1898, \$105,964.10; unexpended contingent fund, \$17.10; interest on sixteenth section fund, \$115,280.61; on valueless sixteenth section fund, \$5,825.47; on surplus revenues, \$26,768.47; school indemnity land fund, \$1,387.19; fees for examination of teachers, \$7,732.73; less amount paid per diem to state board of examiners, \$385; less sum paid county superintendents, \$1,270; \$2,155. Total, \$5,577.78. Appropriation for fiscal year beginning September 30, \$150,000; estimated poll tax, \$150,000.

#### Files His Report.

Secretary of State McDavid had filed his annual report with the governor. The most notable feature of the financial statement of the office is the exceptionally large amount that has been earned in the office in the past year in the way of fees for copying and affixing the great seal, these fees for one year amounting to more than \$2,000. The secretary of state makes several important recommendations to the governor, among them one that an expert be employed to straighten up the land record books, which are said to be in bad shape.

#### A Disastrous Fire at Paint Rock.

Paint Rock had a disastrous fire raging there Saturday night, and the whole business section of the town is probably destroyed. The fire started during the early part of the night in Jim Berry's grocery store and rapidly spread in both directions. At 11 o'clock R. T. Larimer's residence and general store, Tom Tipton's store, Steele & McCully's dry goods store, and Harry Hill's residence had been burned.

#### Madison's School Teachers.

Dr. J. D. Humphrey, superintendent of education of Madison county, has received from the state superintendent returns of the recent examination of public school teachers. Forty white teachers stood the examination and thirty-five passed. Fifty-eight colored teachers were examined and thirty of them passed. The percentage of first grade licenses awarded is believed to be higher than in any other county in the state.

#### Victim of Lockjaw.

James White, 19 years of age, died at his home in Whitesburg from the effects of a wound received several days ago while handling a shotgun. The young man was drilling with an old maul-loader when it was accidentally discharged, and a large charge of birdshot entered his shoulder. He died of lockjaw.

#### New Cotton Mill.

There is no doubt but that the new cotton mill will be built at old Allenville, near Prattville, in a short time. Nearly all the capital stock has been subscribed.

#### Opening Up Mines.

William Jackson, of Brookside, has been appointed superintendent of the Alabama Iron and Development company, at Gate City, the concern that absorbed the old Gate City Land company, and has opened up mines at three different places on the property. Under his direction the company has also put in a big sand-crusher near the old glass factory and resumed work in the chert pits.

#### Confederate Reunion.

At a meeting of the veterans of the Southern Confederacy held at Athens it was decided that it was the unanimous wish of the members of the second brigade that a reunion be held in the city of Birmingham during the month of November.

Chairman Robert J. Lowe, has called the executive committee of the democratic party of Jefferson county to meet in Birmingham, October 18.



**SYRUP**  
ACTS GENTLY ON THE  
**KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS**  
CLEANS THE SYSTEM  
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY  
GOLDS HEADACHES & FEVERS  
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION  
PERMANENTLY  
ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS  
TO GET

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'D BY  
**CAUBERNA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.  
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

#### HERMITS AND FIDDLERS.

Some of the Strange Things One Sees on an Ocean Beach.

Of all the many oddities, none seemed stranger to me than the fiddler and hermit crabs, which are found almost everywhere on the salt water shore. The fiddler is a pert little creature which delights in parading about when the tide is out and the sandy bottom is free for him to travel over. It is sometimes three inches long, generally considerably less, and it gets its name from the fact that it has two very disproportionate claws, one of which is three times as large as the other, so large, indeed, that you wonder how the little fellow manages to carry it about. Whether the crab is at rest or traveling, the claws, big and little, are held aloft, and the position gives them the decidedly comical appearance of fiddling.

All are fiddling and all are, so to speak, dancing, for they keep moving about on the sand, although far from rhythmically. They look as if they had nothing to do, but if you will observe carefully you will find that they are picking up particles of food. Sometimes two crabs may be seen pulling and hauling at the same of a scrap, and they act much like a pair of boys engaged in a struggle over a plaything. If you wish to put the whole assemblage to flight you will have to rush in, and presto! the whole collection disappears in a manner to surprise the beholder. Then we discover that there are thousands of little burrows in which these diminutive crustaceans live on the shore sands. At low water on the seashore at Cedar Key. I have seen a thousand fiddlers at one time, but if you walk over the strip there will not be one in sight.

**Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder?**  
It is the only cure for itching, smarting, burning, sweating feet, corns and bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, L. Roy, N. Y.

Give me six lines written by the most honorable man alive, and I shall find matter therein to condemn him to the gallows.—Richard.

#### Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clear skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean by stirring up the liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly, sallow complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Prof. W. G. Johnson, of the Maryland Agricultural College, is an advocate of the use of hydrocyanic acid gas to inflict death instead of the present method.

#### Rheumatism Eyes

Are cured in one day without pain by Leonard's Golden Eye Liniment. Relieves inflammation, soreness at once. Cools, heals and strengthens weak eyes. Be sure to call for "Leonard's"—it makes strong eyes. Guaranteed or money refunded. Druggists sell it at 25c, or forwarded prepaid on receipt of price by S. B. Leonard & Co., Tampa, Fla.

It is stated that the franchise has been given to women by the legislative council of Western Australia.

#### No-To-Bac For Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All druggists.

The 673 creameries in Minnesota produced nearly 63,000,000 pounds of butter in 1898, and paid to their patrons \$5,346,400.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2.00 bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

#### Grand Fall Opening.

We call attention to the display advertisement of Loveman, Joseph & Co., of New York, announcing their Fall Opening, which will be held in their immense new store on Monday and Tuesday, October 10 and 11. The wonderful growth of their business demanded more room, and today they could justly boast of a modernized retail establishment unrivaled by any in the entire South. Their exhibit of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats and Dresses, Millinery, Press Goods and Silks, Ladies' Linen, Furniture, Imported China and Brics-à-brac, etc., etc., will well be worth a day's journey to see. A cordial invitation to be present is extended to all.

#### Good Effects of Singing.

Army Doctor Baril, of Koelsin, Germany, says that singing possesses health-giving properties. It intensifies, he says, the respiratory movements, thus rendering the lungs capable of dealing with more air. This increases and strengthens the action of all the organs of the body, appetite, and the more frequent movements of the diaphragm and the wall of the abdomen materially aid digestion.

### UNCLE SAM'S POSTAGE STAMPS.

Uncle Sam printed just a few postage stamps during 1898, says the Washington Star. The number of 2-cent stamps issued during the year was about 2,500,000,000. Such a number, obviously, is beyond the grasp of human mind, but perhaps the matter may be made more clear by putting it otherwise.

An ordinary 2-cent stamp is exactly one inch long. From this fact, by a little calculation, it is easy to discover that the number of stamps of this denomination issued in 1898, placed end to end, would extend a distance of 39,000 miles. In other words, they would make a continuous strip of stamps, each one adorned with the head of the father of his country, stretching in a belt more than once and a half around the equator.

Of course, though the two-cent stamps are those principally used, there are others. Enough one-cent postage stamps have been issued during the year 1898 to stretch from New York city by way of Europe and Asia, to Bombay, India, if similarly arranged in one strip. All other stamps, as to production and sale, are of minor importance, comparatively speaking, but it is interesting to know that almost one mile of \$1 stamps were manufactured for the demand of 1898. Of \$5 stamps the production was equivalent to a little more than half a furlong, or about one-fifteenth of a mile.

Now, if all the postage stamps printed by the United States government in 1898 were placed one on top of another as nearly as might be without putting them under pressure, how high do you suppose the pile of them would be? There is no use guessing, you would never get it nearly right, unless you went to work to calculate it for yourself. The 3,500,000,000 stamps of all denominations printed the current year—the statement of course is approximate—would tower to an elevation of twenty-one miles. This is more than three times the height of the highest mountain in the world—Mount Everest, in the Himalayas. If the same number of stamps was piled up in the form of the ordinary sheets of 100 each, it follows that the stack would be over a fifth of a mile high.

During the year 1898 the number of special delivery stamps was about 5,200,000. It is only reasonable to suppose that the average journey of

**Ayer's Pills**  
Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** for Whiskers.  
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. D. HALL & CO., NEWARK, N. J.

**YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING**  
When You Take  
**GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC**  
because the formula is plainly printed on each bottle, showing what it contains. The reason the imitators do not advertise their formula is because they know the people would not buy their medicine if they knew its ingredients.  
Every druggist in the United States is authorized to sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC on a positive guarantee of NO CURE NO PAY. Price, 50c.  
Your druggist has sold GROVE'S for years. Just ask HIM about it.  
**GROVE'S is a prescription that does cure MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER.**

the special delivery messenger is half a mile. Indeed, that is an absurd underestimation, but let it go at that. On this assumption the total distance traveled for special delivery in 1898 was about 2,600,000 miles. That is a very considerable space to traverse, as may be realized when it is considered that a messenger boy, in order to accomplish the total distance would have to go about 1,100 times around the world, or five times to the moon and back.

It appears from figures furnished by the postoffice department that the average person in Massachusetts, including men, women and children, spends \$2.30 on postage per annum. New York comes second with an expenditure of \$2.27, and the District of Columbia third, with \$2.16. Colorado is fourth, with \$1.93 and Connecticut is fifth, with \$1.80. The states ranking lowest in this regard are South Carolina, with 25 cents per capita; Mississippi, with 34 cents; Alabama, with 35 cents; Arkansas, with 37 cents, and North Carolina, with 41 cents.

The will of George W. Clayton, who died not long ago in Colorado, provides for the establishment of an institution to be known as the George W. Clayton college, on the plan of the Girard college.

**DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA**  
(Teething Powders.)  
Costs only 25 Cents. If not found at your Druggist's, mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.

**ASK EVERYBODY**  
TO SAVE THEIR TIN TAGS FOR YOU.  
**Schnapps R.J.R.**  
The Tin Tags taken from **SOHNAPPS** and **R. J. R. Tobaccos** will pay for any one or all of this list of desirable and useful things, and you have your good chewing tobacco besides.  
Every man, woman and child can find something on this list that they would like to have and can have—FREE.  
Write your name and address plainly and send the tags to us, mentioning the number of the present you want. Any assortment of the different kinds of tags mentioned above will be accepted.

1 Match Box, quaint design, imported from Japan..... 40	21 Six Rogers' Teapots, best quality, 25c each..... 250
2 En fs, cut glass, good steel..... 40	22 Knives and Forks, set each, buck horn handles..... 250
3 Scissors, 4 1/2 inch, good steel..... 15	23 Clock, 8 day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer..... 400
4 Gilt, 8 1/2, Knife, Fork and Spoon..... 25	24 Remington Rifle No. 4, 23 or 32 cal..... 800
5 Hat and Taper, one each, quality, made on white metal..... 70	25 Tool Set, no playthings, but real tools..... 150
6 Taz, r, hollow ground, fine English steel..... 80	26 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome..... 400
7 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality..... 100	27 Watch, solid silver, full jeweled..... 1000
8 Sugar Bowl, triple plate, best quality..... 100	28 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments..... 2500
9 Stamp Box, sterling silver..... 100	29 Wickered Teapots, 3 or 4 Gallons, 12 gauge..... 2500
10 Knife, two blades, 4 inch, silver..... 100	30 Rifle, Winchester, 16 shot, 25 cal..... 2500
11 Tea Set, 6 pieces, 8 inch, silver..... 400	31 Steel Gun, double-barrel, hammer-fired..... 2000
12 Six Rogers' Table Spoons..... 450	32 Cutler's Set, 12 pieces, 8 inch, steel..... 2000
13 Six each Rogers' 8 1/2 inch Forks..... 300	33 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gent's..... 3000
14 Revolver, 32 or 38 calibre..... 1000	34 After Dinner Coffee Spoon, solid silver, good low..... 100
15 Base 1 1/2, "Ass. clinton,"..... 150	35 Dried Wood Pipe..... 40
16 8 1/2 inch stem wind and set, German good time keeper..... 500	
17 Alarm Clock, 12 inch, 12 alarm..... 250	
18 Carvers, buckhorn handle, good steel..... 250	

This offer expires November 30th, 1900.  
Address all your Tags and the correspondence about them to  
**R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., WINSTON, N. C.**

**GRAND EXPOSITION OF**  
**Fall and Winter Fashions.**  
**OPENING DAYS:**  
**Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 16-17.**  
**EXTRAORDINARY OFFERINGS** in all departments to commemorate the opening of our **NEW BUILDING** the largest store in the entire south.  
**LOVEMAN, JOSEPH & LOEB,**  
Nos. 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222 NINETEENTH ST.  
BIRMINGHAM, - - - - - ALABAMA

**YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING**  
When You Take  
**GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC**  
because the formula is plainly printed on each bottle, showing what it contains. The reason the imitators do not advertise their formula is because they know the people would not buy their medicine if they knew its ingredients.  
Every druggist in the United States is authorized to sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC on a positive guarantee of NO CURE NO PAY. Price, 50c.  
Your druggist has sold GROVE'S for years. Just ask HIM about it.  
**GROVE'S is a prescription that does cure MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER.**

**HEADACHE**  
"Both my wife and myself have been using CASCARETS and they are the best medicine we have ever had in the house. Last week my wife was afflicted with headache, and two days she tried some of your CASCARETS, and they relieved the pain in her head almost immediately. We both are content with CASCARETS."  
CHAS. S. FREDERICK,  
Pittsburg Safe & Deposit Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Cascarets**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
REGULATE THE LIVER  
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grievs. 10c, 25c, 50c.  
... CURE CONSTITUTION ...  
Sole-Home Company, Chicago, United States, New York, 317

**WHY** IS LIVERNA such a popular medicine? Because it is pleasant to take, mild in its action, does not grip, but cures the results, removing all Bile, Malaria, etc., and giving new tone to the whole system. Money refunded if not beneficial. Ask your home merchant for it. Price 50c a bottle. Manufactured by Gay, Hardie & Dunn, Wholesale Druggists, Montgomery, Ala.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.  
Worth \$4 to \$5 compared with other makes.  
Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. ALL LEATHERS, ALL STYLES. THE GENUINE HAVE W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on bottom. No one substitutes claimed to be as good. Largest makers of \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. Their shoes keep their shape. If not, we will send you a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue C Free.  
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
If afflicted with 1 Thompson's Eye Water  
see eyes, use 1 Thompson's Eye Water  
Am. N. U., No. 41, 1899.

**PISO'S CURE FOR**  
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup, Throat Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.  
... CONSUMPTION ...

**Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed**  
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.



# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1899.

NO. 24.

VOL. VIII.

## ALABAMA NEWS GLEANINGS

Current Events of General Interest to Our Own People.

### INDUSTRIAL CONVENTION HAS ADJOURNED

New Pipe Plant Located at Bessemer. Ex-Tax Collector Short in His Accounts—New Industrial Journal—Foul Assassination.

Tax Collector for St. Clair.

Governor Johnston Friday named J. L. Foreman to be tax collector of St. Clair county to fill the unexpired term of the late collector. Mr. Foreman served as chief clerk in the educational department of the state during the term of Hon. John O. Turner as superintendent of education.

Two Thousand Dollars Short. Assistant Examiner of Public Accounts Foster has filed with the governor reports on the books of several of the officials of Clarke county. His reports show that Ex-Tax Collector M. Kimbrough is due the state and county more than two thousand dollars.

New Industrial Journal.

The first number of the Manufacturers' Review made its appearance in Birmingham Saturday. The Review is an industrial journal, and will be devoted to the industries of the south. It will be published by the Review Publishing company, of which Frank Leslie is president, N. T. P. Finch editor, and Shelby Smith business manager.

Brutal Assassination.

Edward P. Royle was brutally assassinated a few days ago about 9 o'clock at Selden's bridge, on the Tayloe road, a half mile east of Uniontown. James D. Long, his brother-in-law, was with him. The fatal shot came from a gun loaded with slugs, making three terrible wounds in the abdomen. There is no clue to the murderer.

Shipping Mussel Shells.

R. F. Reynolds, representing a number of eastern pearl button manufacturers, is in Florence arranging for the shipment of about twenty carloads of mussel shells to Muscatine, Ia. The shells will be taken from the Tennessee river from the Mussel Shoals to Riverton, and Mr. Reynolds is confident, upon investigation, that there is a splendid supply of the shells in the Tennessee. They are worth from \$1 to \$5 per ton.

Confederate Dead in Madison, Wis.

An effort is to be made to have the resting place of the 110 brave confederate soldiers, who were Alabamians, and died while in prison at Madison, Wis., marked by a fitting shaft. Captain S. B. Trapp, president of the convict bureau, will call the matter to the attention of the Ladies' Memorial association of Alabama, and ask that some steps for the preservation of the graves be taken. The soldiers were members of the First Alabama regiment, which was captured at Island No. 10, and imprisoned at Madison. During their imprisonment 110 of them died.

Southern Industrial Convention Adjourns.

The Southern Industrial convention, which has been in session at Huntsville four days, adjourned since Friday evening. Governor MacCorkle will select a place for the next meeting, to be held six months hence. The convention adopted resolutions recommending that the southern states establish departments of industry and immigration, to be removed from all political influences; that the commercial organizations of the south start a concerted movement for the aid of our merchant marine, and removing restrictions on foreign-built ships floating American flags; to remove the race problem from politics, where it has seriously vexed industrial progress of the south; that every reasonable means should be adopted to maintain the best of relations between the races of the south; that all industries be kept open to the negro, and that the present organization of industrial convention be continued, and the next meeting be held at some central point within six months.

Plant to Build Blowing Engines.

A plant for the building of blowing engines will be erected at East Birmingham in connection with the machine and foundry works of the Birmingham Machine & Foundry Company. This will be a great addition to the Birmingham district, as no plant exists this side of Pittsburgh. These blowing engines are used in all the furnaces.

### GREAT INTEREST IN STATE FAIR.

The People Anxious to Come Together to Show Their Products.

The state fair is now the talk of the people in every town and hamlet in Alabama, an old time enthusiasm has been aroused and the people are anxious to come together and show their products.

There is no longer any doubt of the success of the fair, which promises to surpass in every department the most sanguine expectations of its promoters. The people scarcely realize the magnitude of the enterprise.

Secretary Rountree, in conjunction with Secretary Martin of the Georgia State Fair association, closed the contract for the Mexican band from Laredo, Tex., to Atlanta and then to Birmingham and return to Laredo.

The band comes to the Georgia and Alabama state fairs through the personal courtesy of President Diaz, of Mexico. The band consists of forty-five pieces and will be in Birmingham the entire time of the fair and will give daily concerts.

The racing feature of the state fair will be all that can be desired in the trotting, pacing and running classes. Secretary Rountree is in receipt of a letter from Arthur W. Elrod, Highland Park, Detroit, Mich., sending him a list of owners of horses and the number that they will bring to Birmingham; also asking him to reserve stalls for them. It will be noticed that ninety odd horses are in this list. The following is the names of the owners and the number of horses they will bring:

H. Stover, ten horses; John Ferriss, Jr., seven horses; Colonel Skid Howard, four horses; Pat Stanton, seven horses; H. Snyder, twelve horses; S. Strobel, four horses; W. H. Laird, fourteen horses; Jack Sheehan, six horses; Joe Redfern, three horses; Joe Burns, two horses; O. Bruhur, five horses; F. W. Williams, three horses; W. Weir, five horses; F. M. Fisher, two horses; C. Blumington, three horses; Bill Dixon, four horses.

Building Supervisor Richard Randolph is pushing work at the grounds in a most rapid manner. The grand stand and exhibition hall are completed and are now receiving the finishing touches. The new fences are going up very rapidly as well as the paddock. Supervisor Randolph states that there will be no trouble about everything being ready for the gates to be thrown open to the public on November 7.

Secretary Rountree is writing the different counties of the state that expect to make exhibits, that everything will be ready by November 1 to receive exhibits. He is trying to impress upon the public to have their exhibits in order before November 7, so there will be no hitch about everything being ready for the public.

W. F. Garth, of Huntsville, one of the directors of the fair association, says that there is no doubt that there will be a fine string of good horses from North Alabama. He says that the people of Madison county are enthusiastic, and that they are coming to take first prize in the county exhibit.

Negro Department.

The negro department is meeting with tremendous success. Commissioner David W. Parker is working hard for success and the outlook is extremely bright. E. A. Brown, the colored attorney of Birmingham, is rendering Parker most valuable assistance. The colored people of Birmingham and all over the state are greatly enthused and are taking much interest in their department.

Prof. W. H. Council, of Normal, will be the principal orator on Negro day, November 16. Bishop C. O. Peety, of North Carolina, E. A. Brown and other noted negroes will speak. Prof. A. H. Parker, the well-known colored teacher of Birmingham, is in charge of the educational section of the negro department.

It is conservatively estimated that ten thousand colored people will attend the fair on Negro day. John G. Wright, of Tuscaloosa, is grand marshal, and will have charge of the parade. He has appointed fifty mounted assistants. This will be the largest parade of colored people in the history of the state.

Dimmick Pipe Works Located.

The location of the Dimmick pipe plant, to be constructed by D. R. P. Dimmick, James Bowron and others, has practically been selected. While nothing official can be learned, it is stated that Bessemer has been chosen by the promoters, and that the offer of the city to give sixty acres of most desirable land has been accepted. North Birmingham and Anniston also were working for the plant.

### FIGHTING IN THE TRANSVAAL

Two Thousand Boers Reported Killed in Battle With English.

#### ENGLAND SENDING AN IMMENSE ARMY

Sir Redvers Buller Leaves London for Scene of War—Railway Bridge Blown Up—Krugers Men Now Occupy Spitzkop.

A special cablegram from London says: An unconfirmed report has reached here that 2,000 Boers have been killed in a battle with the British soldiers in Natal. The report is discredited at the war office, and its source is indefinite.

That serious conflicts have occurred in South Africa there seems to be no doubt. The wires are greatly overworked with government business, and little news is allowed on them.

The anticipated British reverses have occurred. It seems that the Boers have gained several points in the war, but in time it is expected that they will be dislodged from their positions.

Details of the wrecking of the armored train are at hand.

It is reported that several attacks have been made on Mafeking by the Boers, and they have so far been repulsed.

It is stated in a dispatch that the Boers have blown up a bridge over the Malopoer river.

The Boers occupy Spitzkop, and 3,000 of them are encamped on the Ingogo battle field.

A royal decree was issued at Cape Town warning all British subjects that they must not join the burghers under penalty of high treason punishment.

British Commander Starts for Africa.

War so often predicted as being the inevitable climax to hopeless things, has come at last and is now in full swing for the subjection of the little republic whose whole military sun sets and rises at Majuba hill. Great Britain has set going machinery more powerful than that which crushed Napoleon and twice as strong as that which gave her Egypt and the Sudan. General Sir Redvers Buller has gone and already the Boer bullets have sung a song of desperate defiance.

That the next few weeks will be marked by sharp fighting must be taken for granted. That the result will probably be for a time not too favorable to the British is also to be admitted. The main question is how long are hostilities to last. The ultimate English victory is almost assured by virtue of overwhelming strength.

A German Opinion.

The first Boer success is commented upon sympathetically by the German press. The leading military organ, the Militaire-Wochenblatt, says:

"Great Britain underestimates the strength of the Boer forces, which are 60,000 men well equipped. She will need 150,000 thoroughly equipped men to subdue them."

Yellow Fever Situation.

The Louisiana Board of Health end-of-the-week bulletin reads as follows:

Two new cases; no deaths. There are actually nine cases under treatment in New Orleans.

There were no new cases of yellow fever and no deaths at Jackson, Miss., Saturday. There were only two cases under treatment.

To Investigate Southern Labor Problems.

The industrial commission at Washington is contemplating entering upon a special inquiry into the labor problem as it is found in the southern states. Complaint has been made to the commission regarding the system of leasing lands to the colored people. The commission has authorized its sub-commission on transportation to visit the west for the purpose of continuing the investigation into alleged railroad discriminations. The first meeting under this order will be held in Chicago November 2.

Young Man Accidentally Killed.

Alonso Phillips, aged 20, was instantly killed near Nashville, Tenn., by James Rush, aged 16. The killing is understood to have been accidental. The boys had been hunting, and the accident occurred as they were parting. Rush accidentally shot a boy in the leg sometime ago.

Phillips' father was burned to death last winter in the fire which destroyed their home.

### ONE KILLED, ONE SUICIDED.

Fate of Three Bank Robbers in Tennessee.

Three masked robbers entered the bank at Sevierville, Tenn., Friday morning and attempted to rob the vault, containing considerable money.

President William MacMahon threw his loose money into the safe and seized a gun. His first shot killed the leader of the robbers, Pearl Thurman.

The assistant cashier, John Marshall, rushed out of a side door and shot two of the robbers' horses. Cal Derrick, one of the robbers, was arrested after being wounded.

Will Derrick, the third robber, got on one horse and rode a mile, hotly pursued by a posse. On being surrounded by the men he ran into a barn, where he committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

TEXAS' QUARANTINE.

Louisiana Will Test It in the Federal Court.

Edgar H. Farrar, representing the attorney general of Louisiana, left New Orleans Saturday for Washington. Monday he will institute proceedings before the United States supreme court to the end that Texas be compelled to modify her quarantine regulations until they conform to reason. He will not contend that the quarantine should be altogether lifted by Texas, but will attempt to show that Dr. Blunt has placed an absolute embargo on traffic which is in no sense justified and which is in contravention of the interstate commerce law. It is reported that the attorney general of Texas is already in Washington.

COTTON WAREHOUSE BURNS.

Six Hundred Bales Destroyed—Loss \$70,000.

Fire in the warehouse of the Trenton, Tenn., cotton mills, where 100,000 bales of cotton were destroyed, was discovered early Saturday morning. The loss will approximate \$70,000. The insurance is \$14,000.

A Sensational Suicide.

News from Abbott, Tex., is to the effect that a wealthy farmer named Adolph Jones, invited some young people visiting the family to follow him to the barn and he would show them something unusual and highly sensational.

The invitation accepted, the farmer proceeded them to the barn, opened the door, walked into a stall, cut his throat with a razor, walked out with streams of blood gushing from his neck, and fell dead at the door as the young people walked up.

Half Million Dollar Hotel.

It is announced that J. A. Payne and W. C. Christy, of Cincinnati, with Nashville and Birmingham parties, are figuring on the purchase of half a block of Birmingham property, and will erect a large and commodious hotel thereon, expending in the work something like half a million dollars. It is said that these gentlemen have selected a site and that negotiations are now on for the property. Already options have been secured on two-thirds of the desired location.

Tamase Proclaimed King of Samon.

News comes from Apia that the natives have proclaimed Tamase as king despite the recent agreement of the United States, Germany and Great Britain to abolish that office.

The Cologne Gazette's Apia correspondent sends a long indictment of the consular government. He says the natives do not conceal their disrespect for the representatives of the treaty powers.

The Times Changes Management.

The Birmingham Times, a weekly republican paper, formerly owned and edited by Dr. R. A. Moseley, now consul-general at Singapore, has passed into the hands of Dan Cooper, United States marshal for the Northern Alabama district; Julian H. Bingham, collector of internal revenue, and Colonel B. M. Long, of Cordova, a leading republican, who have incorporated it, and it is stated, will make it an aggressive republican organ. They are said to have plenty of capital to maintain it. There is some talk of the paper entering the daily morning field.

Ex-Congressman Harris Passes Away.

Judge John T. Harris, ex-congressman from the Seventh Virginia district, died at his home in Harrisonburg at 9 o'clock Saturday night.

Robbers Secure \$25,000.

It is estimated that the robbers who held up train No. 9, on the Northwestern railroad, near Dekalb, Ill., secured over \$25,000.

Two Hundred Rebels Killed.

The following cablegram from Gen. Otis has been received at the war department: "MANILA.—Schwan's column swung into Imus from Das Marinas Saturday morning; camped Bacoor at the following night; has scattered insurgents, who are probably retreating by detachments on Indang. Condition of roads prevented further pursuit; 125 men 87th Vols., Maj. Cheatham, drove insurgents south and westward from lake town of Muntinlupa, pursuing several miles, and retired to Bacoor, by Zapote river road; loss, three men killed, two wounded, one missing. Schwan very successful; inflicted heavy loss on men and property of southern insurgent army; he reports their casualties at 200 killed and 400 wounded; their stored supplies destroyed. Young, moving from Arayat north and westward, scattered insurgents, who retired northwest; his casualties, three slightly wounded; considerable store of grain captured."

His Remark Was a Prophecy.

Delegate to Christian Church Jubilee Foretells His Own Death. A business men's meeting of delegates of the Christian church jubilee was held at the Grand hotel in Cincinnati Saturday night. The last speaker was A. M. Atkinson, of Wabash, Ind. His last words were: "This is probably the last time I shall ever speak to you." Then, taking his seat, he said in half-choking tones: "My heart is fluttering," and a minute later he was dead.

REPORTS CONFIRMED.

Earthquake on Island of Coran Killed 5,000 People.

The official dispatches from Batavia, capital of the Netherlands, confirm the reports regarding the earthquake on the island of Coran. It occurred on September 29. Not only the town of Amhel, on the south side of the island, was destroyed, but several other villages were wrecked. The official advices declare that no fewer than 5,000 people were killed and others seriously injured.

Trolley Car Run Down.

Many Passengers Were Injured and Three of Them Will Die.

Near the State Fair Grounds, in the eastern suburbs of Dallas, Texas, a trolley car on the Rapid Transit Street Railway, filled with passengers, collided Saturday afternoon with an excursion train on the Gulf, Columbia & Santa Fe Railroad. Of the forty-nine passengers on board the street car, nearly half were hurt. Six were seriously injured, and three of them cannot live.

### RESERVES CALLED OUT.

Queen Issues a Proclamation Summoning Parliament and Troops.

#### EXTENSIVE MILITARY OPERATIONS

Boers Convinced That Their Independence is Assailed, While Great Britain Believes That Her Sovereignty in South Africa is Menaced—Estimate of the Opposing Forces—Parliament to Act.

LONDON (By Cable).—Her Majesty in Privy Council at Balmoral a few days ago assented to the calling of Parliament, the mobilization of the Reserves and the continuance in the army of all soldiers now serving who in ordinary circumstances would be entitled to discharge or transfer to the Reserve. A royal proclamation in accordance with these decisions has been signed. The War Office announced that under the proclamation calling out the Reserves 25,000 men will be summoned.

Great Britain will not make a formal declaration of war against what she considers a dependent nation, the process being a mere issue of orders to the military forces to restore the state of sovereignty which she alleges originally existed.

Were England similarly at loggerheads with a power recognized by her as her equal, pride and precedence would at some time have compelled her to break off diplomatic intercourse. It is this legend of superiority that enables her to play the game of bluff and to run a good chance of placing the onus of beginning hostilities upon the Boers, or, failing that, to delay action un-

til she has in the field a sufficient force to overrun the Transvaal.

The Boers are thoroughly convinced that their freedom is menaced, and England is convinced that her supremacy in South Africa is threatened. This constitutes an impasse, against which pacific measures can scarcely be effective.

The garrisoning and fortifying of Kimberley, South Africa, are completed. The streets are barricaded, and a perfect system of mines has been laid. Two armored trains are at Mafeking, consisting of three bullet-proof cars, the first of which carries a searchlight, while the sides of the other cars are loopholed. Each train is complete in itself and carries its own provisions. Experiments with lyddite in the mines prove that it is an extremely powerful explosive.

A fair notion of the great scale of Great Britain's preparations can be gained from the fact that the transport of the army corps also seventy ships of from 2000 to 4000 tons laden are required, not including a score or more of transports already on the way to the Cape. If these vessels effectively disembark their cargoes of men, horses and equipment within two weeks from the date of sailing the programme will have fulfilled, and the forecasts of the most optimistic British military experts.

If all the troops are able to take their places as component parts of the army corps by the end of November they will have done, according to the best available opinion, remarkably well. The disembarking of General Buller's army from its thirty-seven transports is not forgotten by British officers. At present the vessels of the Cape service are of considerably larger average tonnage than those which carried the Americans to Santiago de Cuba, and, moreover, in accordance with the existing regulations, are supplying them all and taking complete charge from water's edge to water's edge.

Although the army corps being sent out is a matter of pre-emptive military interest, the troops already on the scene of probable action constitute no insignificant factor. The Cape Garrison was 9000 men, and this has been increased by 4500. The arrival of 12,000 men at the Cape makes the approximate total of British troops in South Africa, before the arrival of the army corps, 25,500. These troops do not include the irregular forces, the Cape Mounted Rifles, the Port Elizabeth and Grahamstown Volunteers, the Natal Police, the Durban Light Infantry, the Australian force nor the regular naval brigade.

The Cape squadron now includes ten warships, all heavily manned, and the British first class protected cruisers Terrible and Powerful will soon arrive, enabling the navy to land a brigade of about two thousand men.

Attempts to estimate the opposing forces of the Transvaal and its ally, the Orange Free State, with perhaps a sprinkling of natives, are hopeless, although calculations range from twenty thousand upward.

The Boer ranks will certainly include a number of Irishmen and of former officers of the German army.

It is said the Boers will adopt the policy they adopted in 1831, when ten sharpshooters were detailed out of each company to pick off the British officers.

A Tornado in the West.

The first tornado ever known in the State of Washington devastated a tract of land from 300 to 600 yards wide and fifty miles long, a few days ago. The damage done extends from Orting, thirty miles east of Tacoma, to Mossy Rock and Osborne, in Lewis County. No fatalities occurred, but orchards and fences were destroyed.

Department of the Gulf Abolished.

The Secretary of War, at Washington, has issued an order discontinuing the military Department of the Gulf and merging it into the Department of the East, under command of Major-General Wesley Merritt, headquarters in New York City.

Kaffirs Become Troublesome.

A few days ago thousands of Kaffirs crowded into Johannesburg, South African Republic, where they murdered storekeepers and raided many places for liquors. They were marched out of the town under guard.

### FATAL PARIS BULLFIGHT.

Animal Escapes and Plunges Through the Mass of Onlookers.

#### Spectators Demanded That More Bull Be Brought in, But Gendarmes Put a Stop to the Exhibition.

PARIS (By Cable).—Paris has made one more unsuccessful effort to have a bullfight on strictly Spanish lines. The populace is not anxious to see this kind of spectacle introduced into the French capital, but the aristocracy has strong Spanish leanings and it has recently become enamored of all sorts of sports.

Rain had stopped the performance the previous Sunday, and the Government is known to be hostile to it, but the law in this particular has been so frequently broken before that the "old cronies" were hopeful. It was the bull, however, which spoiled the show.

An immense crowd gathered about the bull ring at Doni, near Eughelien. The stands were filled with a fashionable and excited crowd. Prince Henri d'Orleans headed a band of young aristocrats wearing flat-brimmed Spanish hats, and there was a sprinkling of eminent poets and painters, together with a few pretty women, but not many.

The band had played the "Toreador" air in "Carmen," the matadores, like great tropical insects, in pink, green and gold had flitted over the arena, trailing their purple mantles in front of an excited bull, the pleader had tried his first thrust, when suddenly he was trampled by a wild man for an exit just beneath where the President was sitting, leaped clear over both barriers separating the arena from the public, and scrambled over the backs of half a dozen spectators. Continuing his mad rush, he trampled a blue-bloused peasant lifeless, broke the legs of

two elegantly dressed Parisiennes, crumpled up a cinematograph man and his apparatus into a confused mass, passed through the partition of the wooden stand as if it had been so much cardboard, and like a flash disappeared.

Outside the arena the bull played havoc with the motecars and bicycles ranged in a neighboring field, and after breaking both forelegs over a wire fence and tossing an old peasant woman fell to the ground in a vegetable garden and was there dispatched by a gendarme.

The American crowd brought to a close; gendarmes invaded the arena and banded out the protesting matadores, while the public stamped and shouted for more bulls. The stampede made the rickety stands shake so dangerously that at last the people thought it wiser to go away.

The management must have learned about 24000 tickets. It is not probable that there will be any more Spanish bullfights near Paris in the immediate future.

MARINES GAIN A VICTORY.

General Schwan's Column Takes Cavite Viejo and Novleta.

NOVLETA, Island of Luzon (By Cable).—General Schwan's column, consisting of the Thirteenth Infantry, a battalion of the Fourteenth, two troops of cavalry, Captain Bailey's battery of the Fifth Artillery, and Lowe's scouts, advanced from Bacoor a few days ago and occupied Cavite Viejo and Novleta.

The American loss was three officers and nine privates wounded, one of the officers being mortally hurt. The loss of the enemy is unknown, but the bodies of three Filipinos were seen.

The marines and naval forces co-operated with the troops. The gunboats Wisconsin, Albatross and Calumet lay off the shore near Novleta and threw shells into that town and Santa Cruz for an hour, preparing the way for the marines to land. Two battalions, consisting of 450 marines, under Colonel Elliott, advanced along the peninsula from Cavite to Novleta. The on-way was by a narrow road through swamps.

The marines waded through rice fields, forded the river in water to their shoulders, and landed the force, meeting with feeble resistance, the first encounter having disheartened the enemy.

Squads were sent to Novleta and burned the houses, which had been swarming with the scouts who had been sweeping the swamps in the wake of the marines. The bad condition of the roads made the progress of the artillery slow.

NEW KLONDIKE REGULATIONS.

Changes in Placer Mining Law—Money Payments in Place of Work.

OTTAWA, Ontario (Special).—An order in Council has been passed making some important changes in regard to placer mining in the Yukon. Under existing regulations it is necessary that \$200 worth of work be done on each claim every year. This has been changed, and a fee of \$200 will be accepted in lieu of the work.

If the work or money is not exhibited after the end of the year, the owner must pay a fee of \$250, and if this is not done within three months, then the claim will be cancelled. After three years the amount is raised to \$400.

An important change is that all claims abandoned or cancelled will not be relet, but will revert to the Crown.

The Passing of Newgate Prison.

A few days ago occurred the last of the numerous executions that have taken place at Newgate Prison, in London, historical. Hereafter all hangings will take place in Wandsworth Jail, London, and Newgate will be replaced by a new Criminal Court building.

Grand Vizier's Son Assassinated.

Djavid Bey, son of Ali Rifat Pasha, the Grand Vizier, was assassinated on the Galata Bridge at Constantinople, Turkey, by an Albanian, who fired four shots from a revolver. The murderer was arrested.

Another Failure.

Saturday, for the seventh time in the present international series for the America's cup, "No race" was signalled. The wind failed, and although the Columbia and the Shamrock went out to the starting line, it was apparent long before the time for the start that it would be almost impossible to sail the race.

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### RESERVES CALLED OUT.

Queen Issues a Proclamation Summoning Parliament and Troops.

#### EXTENSIVE MILITARY OPERATIONS

Boers Convinced That Their Independence is Assailed, While Great Britain Believes That Her Sovereignty in South Africa is Menaced—Estimate of the Opposing Forces—Parliament to Act.

LONDON (By Cable).—Her Majesty in Privy Council at Balmoral a few days ago assented to the calling of Parliament, the mobilization of the Reserves and the continuance in the army of all soldiers now serving who in ordinary circumstances would be entitled to discharge or transfer to the Reserve. A royal proclamation in accordance with these decisions has been signed. The War Office announced that under the proclamation calling out the Reserves 25,000 men will be summoned.

Great Britain will not make a formal declaration of war against what she considers a dependent nation, the process being a mere issue of orders to the military forces to restore the state of sovereignty which she alleges originally existed.

Were England similarly at loggerheads with a power recognized by her as her equal, pride and precedence would at some time have compelled her to break off diplomatic intercourse. It is this legend of superiority that enables her to play the game of bluff and to run a good chance of placing the onus of beginning hostilities upon the Boers, or, failing that, to delay action un-

til she has in the field a sufficient force to overrun the Transvaal.















# THE PEOPLES ADVOCATE.

"THE LOVE OF COUNTRY GUIDES."

VOL. VIII.

COLUMBIANA, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1899.

NO. 25.

## ALABAMA NEWS IN BRIEF

Current Topics of Events Happening in Our Own State.

### TUSKEGEE SCHOOL MAY EXHIBIT AT PARIS

Admiral Schley May Visit Fair—Increasing Demand for Iron—Water-works for Cullman—Government Distributing Fish.

Rear Admiral Schley has written a letter to Secretary J. A. Rountree, of the state fair association, saying that if he is not prevented by orders to go to sea, he will surely come to Birmingham during the state fair, which begins November 7. Admiral Schley says that he is in receipt of preliminary orders to command the South Atlantic station, and he will let the fair management know in a few days by wire whether or not it will be possible for him to come south. If he finds that he can come, he will then name the day, "having due regard to an invitation tendered also by the governor of Georgia to visit Atlanta."

Tuskegee School Exhibit at Paris.

Prof. Booker T. Washington, the head of the negro industrial school at Tuskegee Industrial school at Tuskegee, saw the president Saturday regarding the school exhibits at the Paris exposition. There will be a distinctive negro exhibit in the American section, but Prof. Washington wants, if possible, a smaller space particularly for the exhibit of the Tuskegee institution, which is the largest school of the kind in the world. The president assured him of his interest in the educational work, of which Prof. Washington is the leader, and referred him to commissioner Peck as to the details of the exhibit.

Special Committee at Work.

Captain Thomas S. Plowman and Rev. C. W. Hare, who constitute a special committee of the board of trustees of the Montevallo girls' school and Booker Washington's school to divide the public lands recently granted these schools, are in Montgomery engaged in their work. The lands are to be as nearly equally divided as possible, and on the first of November the two schools will cast lots for their shares. The Montevallo trustees have sold to H. F. DeBardleben an option on their 25,000 acres of land at \$5 per acre. The Tuskegee school refuses to sell such an option.

Increasing Demand for Iron.

Inquiries for Alabama pig iron are being received in the Birmingham district now at a rate hardly ever before known. One concern since Friday, has received inquiry for no less than 85,000 tons. Other companies are also said to have received a number of big inquiries. Much iron is now being sold for delivery next July. The situation has improved greatly within the past few days, though no further advance in prices is noted.

Water Works for Cullman.

On Wednesday the ground was broken for the city waterworks and electric light plant at Cullman. Mayor John F. Beyers in a few well chosen words congratulated the city upon the final success of the movement to provide the city with these modern conveniences.

For Commissioner of Agriculture.

Captain W. H. Lawson, of Montgomery, has announced his candidacy for commissioner of agriculture. This announcement awakens a new interest in this contest, as Captain Lawson is one of the best-known men in Alabama.

Largest Attendance Since the War.

It is said by those in a position to know that the attendance at the University is larger now than it has been since the close of the war between the states in 1865. This is notwithstanding the fact that the standard is high and no students are received below the Freshman class.

Government Distributing Fish.

Capt. F. C. James, of the United States fish commission, is in Birmingham with one of the government fish cars. He will distribute 3,000 young black bass in the streams in that vicinity. Most of the fish will be placed in the Cahaba and East Cahaba rivers.

Boys' Industrial School.

The Alabama Boys' Industrial school, chartered and endowed by the last state legislature, will soon begin to assume definite shape and to be ready for the reception of boys. The home has been finally located near East Lake on a beautiful tract of land admirably adapted for the purpose. The home will operate a farm and to a large extent will be self-supporting.

## RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

The War Office Makes Public the Amounts Necessary in Alabama for Next Year.

The war department Friday made public the estimates of the engineer's office in charge of the various river and harbor improvements throughout the country and the amounts necessary for the completing of the improvements; likewise the amounts recommended to be expended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901. No amount is named for making the improvements on the Warrior river, as that is to be fixed later on. Neither is there any special amount named for completion of improvements on the Tombigbee.

The amount to be expended on the Warrior river for the year ending June 30, 1901, is \$440,000.

The amount recommended to be expended on the Tombigbee from its mouth to Demopolis is \$265,000.

The amount which can be profitably expended on the Tombigbee from Demopolis to Columbus, Miss., is \$15,000. The fall in this river from Columbus to Demopolis is 107.8 feet, requiring ten locks and dams, to cost \$2,000,000.

For the completion of the improvements of the Alabama river, \$196,251. Amounts that could profitably be opened during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, \$15,251.

The estimated amount for the completion of the improvements of the Coosa river between the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia bridge and Wetumpka, \$4,683,074.

Amount which could be profitably expended during the fiscal year 1901, \$500,000.

The report recommends that \$140,000 should be expended next year on the Black Warrior.

Survey for canal between Warrior river and Five Mile creek estimated to cost \$8,500,000, and recommended.

For improving the Tennessee river the recommendations are as follows: Amount required for completing improvements above Chattanooga, \$550,000; amount which could be profitably expended for the year ending 1901 being put down at \$65,000; amount required for completing the improvements below Chattanooga, \$5,129,989.81; amount which could be profitably expended in the year ending July, 1901, \$1,010,000.

Explaining the report of the estimate of the engineer's office in charge of river and harbor improvements to be made to the next congress, in which mention is made of a recommendation that \$8,500,000 be appropriated for the construction of the Warrior river canal, Congressman O. W. Underwood, who has taken great interest in this enterprise, said: "When the secretary of war made his last report to the president he did not include the report of the survey of the proposed Warrior river canal made by Assistant Engineer Ripley and approved as feasible by Mr. Ripley himself, Maj. Wm. T. Russell and other high authorities in the engineering department of the army. This report was not filed with the secretary of war in time to be presented in his annual report. Its presentation now means that the war department adheres to its original approval of the survey and its endorsement of the canal as feasible and very desirable for the development of the industries of the country. This recommendation will not, of course, carry with it any immediate expenditure of money for the building of the canal unless specifically so ordered by the next congress; but it gives the official stamp of the approval of the government to the proposition and is a very distinct advance."

## STATE BREVITIES.

The Alabama cotton oil mill at Huntsville has begun operations for the season, giving employment to eighty men night and day.

Ironation furnace No. 1, of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron company was put in blast Saturday after an idleness of several months.

The Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Co., which recently purchased the Gadsden furnace, will also build a soil pipe plant, with a capacity of 150 tons daily output, and will employ 500 men.

John W. Harrison, of St. Louis, formerly president of the Howard-Harrison Iron company, is in Bessemer to arrange for the building of its long contemplated furnace.

A bank will soon be established in Louisville. The citizens have subscribed quite liberally to the fund, and will also erect a suitable building. The remainder of the capital stock will be contributed by a citizen of Montgomery.

## COST ENGLAND MUCH BLOOD

Loss Among Officers Was Extremely Heavy.

### AIM OF THE BOERS WAS NOT BAD

Two Colonels, Three Captains and Five Lieutenants Killed, in Addition to Great Mortality Sustained by Soldiers.

A Sunday's special from London says:

The war office has issued a list of casualties in the battle between Glencoe and Dundee, received from the general commanding in Natal, Sir George Stewart White, dated Ladysmith, October 21st.

In addition to Sir William Penn Symonds, who is mortally wounded, two colonels, three captains and five lieutenants were killed, and a colonel, three majors, six captains and ten lieutenants were wounded.

This heavy loss among the officers was due, as the latest dispatches from the front show, to their valiant but insane conduct in sticking to the traditions of the British army and refusing to use the cover of which the men availed themselves in storming the Boer position on the summit of the Kopje.

Among the rank and file the Husbards had seven wounded, the artillery one killed and three wounded; the King's Rifles, eleven killed and sixty-eight wounded; the Irish Fusiliers, fourteen killed and thirty wounded; the Dublin Fusiliers, four killed and forty-one wounded, and the Natal police two wounded.

The Outlook publishes a dispatch from Cape Town dated yesterday, alleging that the Boers are not likely to make any further considerable offensive movement. The correspondent says:

"They are utterly demoralized, and the men refuse to take risks. They are growing to distrust the aged Joubert. The mixed mercenaries are proving troublesome. The artillery is badly handled and the administrative department is revealing marked defects."

### GENERAL FUNSTON'S VIEWS.

Blames the Friars as Being at the Bottom of Philippine Insurrection.

General Frederick Funston, of Kansas, lectured to the student body at Stanford University, Cal., on the Philippines. He blames the friars as being at the bottom of the insurrection. The general unmercifully attacked the church, not as he insisted because it was the Catholic denomination, but for the influence it maintained upon that class of people.

"If congress would drive out the friars," he said, "and confiscate every inch of church property, the bottom would drop out of the insurrection within a week."

"Some people returning have spoken of the brutality of our soldiers in the Philippines. I say to them that they are unmitigated liars. Our soldiers never touched the wounded enemy except to drag them out of the fire into shelter."

### Dewey's New Home.

The Dewey Home committee which has in charge the purchase of a home for the admiral from the moneys received by popular subscription, have selected house No. 1747, Rhode Island avenue northwest, known as the Fitch house. It is understood that the amount of the popular subscription was sufficient to cover the cost of the house, its furniture and all incidental expenditures.

### Schley Not a Candidate.

Admiral Schley, like Admiral Dewey, has announced that he has no presidential aspirations and is not going into politics.

Admiral Schley made this assertion while he was at Frederick (Md.) Agricultural fair. Democratic friends of Admiral Schley asked him if he was going to be a candidate for President, to which the admiral promptly replied:

"No, gentlemen, I am not a candidate for the presidential nomination. I am only a plain sailor in the service of my country."

### Shipping Mules to South Africa.

The steamer Montezuma cleared New Orleans Friday for Cape Town, South Africa, with 2,029 mules for the British army, 6,001 bushels of oats, 500 tons of hay and 80 tons of bran. Her commander, Captain Owens, expects to make the run from New Orleans to Cape Town in twenty-six days.

## FIFTY-FIRST IOWA

May Have Been Lost in an Ocean Storm After Leaving Yokohama.

The transport Senator, having on board the Fifty-first Iowa volunteers, and other soldiers to the number of 1,700, should reach San Francisco within two or three days unless it suffered a severe accident in the typhoon, which struck it soon after it left Yokohama on October 6. News of a disquieting sort is brought by Colonel Denby and Prof. Dean Worcester, the remaining members of the Philippine commission who are returning post haste to Washington.

These men saw wreckage in the swell of the typhoon that crossed the track of the Senator. They saw the glowering storm, and were caught in the edge of it. Their own boat, the Empress of Japan, a ship counted far stancher than the Senator, suffered damage in the half spent force of its gale. The sailors said they believed the Senator was in the midst of the typhoon.

The next day a lifeboat and a spar were seen floating on the frothy sea over which the typhoon had swept.

### COLUMBIA AGAIN WINS.

The America's Cup will Remain Under the Stars and Stripes.

Through wild and hoary seas, with a breeze that approached the dignity of a gale, the gallant sloop Columbia Friday vanquished the British challenger, Shamrock, by six minutes and eighteen seconds actual time and six minutes and thirty-four seconds corrected time, thus completing the series for the America's cup with a magnificent rough weather duel and a glorious Yankee victory.

For the eleventh time the attempt of a foreigner to wrest from America the yachting supremacy of the world has failed. The trophy won by the old America forty-eight years ago is still ours, a monument to the superiority of American seamanship and American naval architecture and a standing challenge to the yachtmanship of all countries. The intrinsic value of the reward which hundreds of thousands of dollars were expended to secure is small—simply an antiquated piece of silverware which Queen Victoria offered to the best sailing ship in the world in the early days of her reign.

### ANDRADE MAKES HIS ESCAPE.

President of Venezuelan Republic Flees From the Revolutionists.

A special from Caracas, Venezuela, says: President Andrade, it is now known, escaped Saturday morning to LaGuayra. Telegraphic and telephone communication is interrupted. An attempt was made to dynamite the residence of Senator Mates, General Andrade's representative, in the negotiations with the insurgent commander, General Cipriano Castro.

### Funston Goes Back to Manila.

General Frederick Funston, who is in San Francisco, Saturday received a telegram from the war department offering him a brigadier's command if he would return to the Philippines after his former regiment, the Twentieth Kansas, is mustered out. General Funston accepted the offer.

### Dewey Not Coming to Atlanta.

Admiral Dewey, on the advice of his physician, has cancelled the date for his visits to Philadelphia and to Atlanta and will accept no more invitations of this sort before next spring.

### A Georgia Murder.

Dillard Herndon, a young white man of Washington, Ga., shot and killed John Lovingsgood of the firm of Ramsey & Lovingsgood, merchants. The victim's money and ring were found in Herndon's possession.

### Fever at Jackson.

One new case of yellow fever was reported in Jackson by the state board of health Saturday. Five patients are under treatment now.

The board of health reports two new cases of fever and no deaths in New Orleans.

### Boers Capture an American.

Eugene Easton, of Kansas City, Mo., a newspaper man, has been captured by the Boer forces in South Africa, and the state department is now in negotiation with the Transvaal authorities looking to his release.

### Vice President Hobart's Condition.

There is no change for the worse in the condition of Vice-President Hobart. Although up and about the house at Paterson N. J., he receives no one but his closest friends.

### Carnegie Offers Jackson a Library.

Andrew Carnegie has offered Jackson, Tenn., \$1,000 for a library, provided a site is furnished and the city agrees to keep it up perpetually.

## FILIPINO COMMISSION

Again Anxious to Talk With Gen. Otis on Peace Topics.

Three insurgent officers entered Angeles Friday morning and applied to Gen. MacArthur for permission for a Filipino commission, headed by a Filipino major-general, to visit Gen. Otis in order to discuss peace terms and to arrange for the delivery of more American prisoners, as well as to consider methods for the release of the Spanish prisoners. The request was referred to Gen. Otis.

The war department has received the following from General Otis:

"Lawton's advance under Young in San Isidro, where garrison will be established. Considerable resistance encountered. Casualties one killed, three wounded—Twenty-second infantry. Enemy suffered considerably. One Spaniard, fifteen insurgent soldiers captured. Young reports inhabitants in section of country mostly friendly."

### THE COTTON SITUATION.

Southern Farmers Advised to Start a Factory in Each County.

The agricultural department of Georgia has issued a statement on the cotton situation in the south. The crop yield this year is estimated at 9,000,000 bales. In advocacy of a cotton factory for each county, the statement says:

"Let each farmer take stock in a factory. If he has not the ready cash, let him subscribe one bale of cotton this year and thus pay in three or four years his subscription. When this is done the farmer becomes a buyer as well as a producer. If raw cotton goes up he wins, and if raw cotton brings a low price and manufactured goods brings a fair price he is still a winner."

### EVANS TO RESIGN.

A Persistent Rumor to That Effect in Washington.

It is persistently rumored in Washington that Hon. H. Clay Evans, United States commissioner of pensions, will tender his resignation to President McKinley, to take effect November 1. The rumor could not be traced to a reliable source, but when it was mentioned to Commissioner Evans he absolutely refused to discuss it. It is said that Mr. Evans for several days has been seriously considering the advisability of resigning in order to relieve or improve the republican political situation in Ohio.

It is stated that the President did not realize the extent to which the old soldier's revolt against Commissioner Evans has done in that state.

### BRAKEMAN AND TWO TRAMPS

Caught in a Wreck and Killed—Drake Rod Fell.

Brakeman Campbell, of Luray, and two negro tramps who were beating their way were killed by a wreck of the southbound freight train near Stoneville, N. C., on the Winston-Salem division of the Norfolk and Western railroad. One of the brake rods fell and the cars ran together, piling eighteen of them in a heap. The engineer and fireman jumped and were badly shaken up, but not injured.

### Col. Schneider Dead.

Col. Schneider, former Austrian military attaché at Paris, whose name has been prominently connected with the alleged treason of Captain Alfred Dreyfus, of the French army, and who, it is generally understood, fought a duel with Captain Guinet, of the French army, as a result of statements made by the captain of the Rennes courtmartial, is dead.

### 25,000 Tin Workers May Strike.

George Powell, of Elwood, Ind., president of the National Tin Plate Workers Union, and John Rombold, of Elwood City, Pa., a member of the Grievance Committee, held a conference with Third Vice-President Warner Arms, of the American Tin Plate company, Saturday evening in the office of the latter concern in Chicago concerning certain complaints made by the National Tin Plate Workers Union which unless adjusted are likely to involve 25,000 union laborers in a strike. No satisfactory agreement was reached.

### Jimenez President of San Domingo.

The district elections in San Domingo resulted in favor of General Juan Isidro Jimenez for president. Senor Horacio Vasquez for vice-president and Senor Rafael Abrudo and A. Castello for congress. Congress will meet November 10 and the new government will enter upon its duties December 1.

## HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

A Good Floor Covering.

Staining floors is a simple process, and the result is always gratifying to the good housekeeper. No preparation is needed except cleanliness. The boards must be absolutely free from any dust or grease. Some of the best quality of varnish stain should be purchased, also a broad tann brush for applying. One board at a time should be stained, so that there may be no streaky appearance. One coat will be sufficient on boards that have been stained before, but upon new ones at least two will be required.

### Pastidious Taste in Table Linens.

"Until you have presented to a woman a pattern that strikes her fancy," said a linen merchant the other day, "you need never talk to her about quality. She wants that, too, but she will not take the finest tablecloth ever woven if she dislikes the design. Most women have an idea when they start out about what pattern they prefer in a cloth, and it is a salesman's business to show the nearest approach to her idea that he can find. She may not take it when she sees it, but until then she will never be satisfied."

"The embroidered, hemstitched and lace trimmed clothes, doilies and centrepieces are more elaborate than ever, and fewer of the cheap qualities of linen are being sold."—New York Tribune.

### Handy For Housewives.

Among the most recent and helpful of labor-saving devices may be reckoned the pictorial label which is destined to take the place of the handwritten labels which used to distinguish the different preserves and jellies stored in the fruit closet from each other, and which took so long to prepare.

The pictorial label is simplicity itself. The colored representation of the fruit indicated explains its object and purpose. There is nothing to confuse the eye of the housekeeper as she runs it over the shelves of her preserve closet in search of a particular fruit. Some of the designs shown evidence a high degree of artistic merit as well. The labels can be used but once, but they can be purchased very cheaply, and come all gummed and ready to attach.

### About the Nursery.

The very brightest and best room in the house should be used for the nursery, for little children, like tender plants, are very dependent on fresh air and sunshine.

Brightness and cleanliness should be the key-note of the nursery, and there should be no unnecessary draperies and curtains, for they collect dust, and dust often breeds disease. Venetian blinds will serve to darken the room sufficiently without curtains, but if curtains be necessary for the sake of warmth they should be taken down frequently to be shaken out of doots, and every few weeks they will be the better for being washed. Varnished papers, which can be washed with a damp cloth, are the best for the walls, and linoleum or cork carpet makes the nicest covering for the floor. On this should be spread a creeping rug for the baby, but the other little folks will not need a carpet.—House Notes.

### Emergency Notes.

In asphyxiation from gas, bathe face and chest with vinegar, and hold some also to the nose. Give strong coffee, and apply cold water to the head and warm water to the feet. In drowning, if the heart seems to have ceased beating, place patient on abdomen, one hand under forehead, raise the body, to empty the stomach and air passages of water and mucus. Remove all clothing from chest; lay patient on his back, place a bundle of clothing (a man's body will do) under his back to raise the stomach and lower the head. Pull tongue forward, and secure it by tying string over it and under the jaw. Stand astride or kneel at patient's head; grasp his arms below the elbows and draw them outward, upward and backward till they meet over the head. Keep in this position two seconds, then carry them down to sides of chest again till elbows nearly meet over the stomach, and press firmly. Repeat these manœuvres at the rate of sixteen per minute. Persevere in these efforts until breathing is restored, then promote the circulation by friction, artificial heat, etc. When the patient can swallow, give some hot milk, beef tea or coffee to drink.

### Recipes.

Catskill Preserves—An old Catskill preserve is made of plums and maple sugar. Melt the maple sugar in a little water and cook with plums, allowing pound for pound. This gives a tart sweetness especially agreeable to many palates.

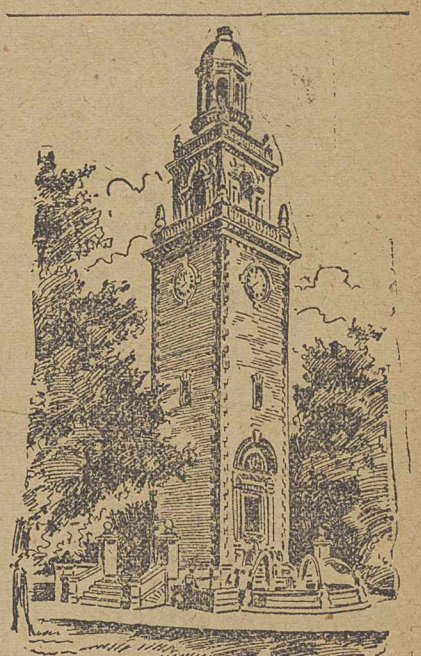
Potato Dumplings—Grate four good-sized cold boiled potatoes, add one beaten egg, one-half teaspoonful of salt and half a cupful of farina; form into small balls, drop into boiling salted water and boil for twenty minutes; skim them out, pour melted butter over them and serve.

Dry Doughnuts—One cupful of sugar, one egg, one cupful of milk, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, put in flour. Flour to make it stiff enough to roll out, but not a bit more, as they must not be stiff. Work the dough half at a time to keep it soft. Fry in hot fat.

Spiced Pears—Make a sirup of two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of vinegar, four sticks of cinnamon broken into bits, one dozen whole cloves and one tablespoonful of whole allspice; let all boil together ten minutes; then add two pounds of pears, pared, cut in halves and cored; let cook together until the pears are tender; place pears in jars, pour the spiced vinegar over; they are ready to eat as soon as cold.

When John Bull Left Us. A Monument in Boston Will Commemorate the Historical Event.

"It is with the greatest pleasure I inform you that on Sunday last, the 17th inst. (1776), about 9 o'clock in the forenoon, the ministerial army evacuated the town of Boston, and that the forces of the United Colonies are now in actual possession thereof. I beg leave to congratulate you, sir, and the



DORCHESTER HEIGHTS MONUMENT. (Marks the spot where George Washington stood and watched the British soldiers sail away.)

honorable Congress on this happy event, and particularly as it was effected without endangering the lives and property of the remaining unhappy inhabitants. I have great reason to imagine their flight was precipitated by the appearance of a work, which I had ordered to be thrown up last Saturday night on an eminence at Dorchester, which lies nearest to Boston Neck, called Nook's Hill." Thus wrote General George Washington to the President of Congress March 19, 1776. The City Council of Boston has approved plans for the Dorchester Heights monument which marks the spot where General Washington stood and watched the British sail away. The plans show a type of tower common in colonial times, with fountain and memorial tablet on the most conspicuous side. It will be built of old-fashioned brick with dark headers. The trimmings will be of Indiana stone or white terra cotta. The height of the monument to the base of the steeple will be about seventy-five feet. The original appropriation for the monument was \$25,000.

### Liked Them in Groups.

Albeit an attractive young miss it most ways, like many other young animals it was her habit to wolf her food. Of this her mother tried to break her, and on this particular occasion was remonstrating because of the number of peas Alice seemed to think it necessary to consume at a mouthful.

"Take fewer peas on your fork Alice. Why should you want to take so many at one time?"

"They taste so much better when eaten in groups," was Alice's unexpected explanation.

### Altered a Trifle.

One small girl says to another "They are not saying rubberneck any more."

"Why not?" asks the other with some joy.

"Because they are saying penicula," says the one.

"And why penicula?" says the other, innocently.

"Because it stretches out to sea," says the one.—"Worcester (Mass.) Gazette."

### A Remarkable Girl.

Helen Keller, the deaf, dumb and blind girl, whose acquisitions have attracted the attention of all students of educational methods, spent last summer at Wrentham, Mass., as the guest of Mrs. J. E. Chamberlain. She keeps up her study of Greek and Arabic, and writes her exercises on a typewriting machine especially designed for these languages, with interchangeable cylinders. By way of exercise she delights in climbing trees, and she is an excellent swimmer.



HELEN KELLER. (The deaf, dumb and blind girl.)

which she vastly enjoys. Helen puzzles new visitors by telling the color of the flowers they bring. She can even distinguish a white and yellow pansy from a purple one, and a red from a white rose. Her explanation is that the petals of the darker colored flowers are thicker than those of the lighter ones.

### She Caught Him.

Patience—"You know, Will said he'd like to be caught playing golf."

Patience—"Yes."

"Well, I caught him on the links this very afternoon. We're engaged,"—Yonkers Statesman.



**Munn & Co.** 361 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.



## A Pretty Hat

From  
MRS. ARMSTRONG'S,  
The Fancy Milliner.

After the 1st of October the customers of this well-known establishment may be served with all the

### LATEST MILLINERY NOVELTIES.

By that time Miss Milner will be back from the Atlanta openings, and will be prepared to show the latest styles and give the most brilliant effects. Our stock this season will be ahead of all past displays, and the prices will fit the purses of all. Watch for the announcement of our opening.

Mrs. L. C. Armstrong.

### THE PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE

#### SOCIAL AND LOCAL NEWS.

Points About People You Know and Some You Don't Know. News From Different Beats.

Len Privett was up from Calera Monday.

N. A. Graham was up from Calera Tuesday.

C. J. Christian and family have moved to Shelby.

Miss Anna Milner spent Sunday with Shelby friends.

J. T. Glaze, of Creswell, was in town last Saturday.

F. M. McEwen, of beat 9, was in the city Monday.

Max Lefkowitz spent a few days in Bessemer this week.

Miss Mary Reeves is visiting the family of J. W. Dykes.

Our merchants had an unusual run of business Monday.

Dr. Gunn, of Calera, was in town Monday on business.

Quite a crowd was in town Monday attending a land sale.

Dr. E. C. Pickett, of Shelby, was here a short while Tuesday.

Y. Z. Lacey spent Sunday in Birmingham with his family.

Miss Alma Hale, of Saginaw, is the guest of Miss Ida O'Hara.

Will Page, of Pelham, spent Sunday in the city with homefolks.

Miss Sue McGeehe, of Calera, spent Saturday with homefolks.

Capt. A. P. Howison, of Randolph, was in the city Tuesday.

Walter Lester and Dr. Smothers, of Weldon, were in town Monday.

Willis Lester is again able to be at his post at Lester & Co's. store.

A. H. Avery and wife, of Shelby, were visitors in our city Saturday.

The protracted meeting begins tonight at the Presbyterian church.

Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine has greatly benefited others and is reasonably certain to do you good. Try it!

Miss Kate Huyett visited her friend, Mrs. Chas. Sparks at Shelby this week.

J. T. Leeper went to Atlanta the first of the week in company with Sam Lefkowitz.

The most stubborn cases of Bronchitis succumb to Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25 and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

T. L. Seale, of Calera, was able to be here Monday, after a hard tussle with rheumatism.

Miss Nannie Seabrook, of Childersburg, was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Armstrong, last Friday.

For barbed wire cuts on stock, use Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic. Nothing equal to it in such cases. 50c. a bottle by all first class druggists.

Salt, the best at 55 cents per 100 pound sacks. I have in 50, 100, 250, 300 and 55 cents sacks the best of all salt.

J. H. Hammond.

Tax Assessor Pitts and Collector Robertson were here Tuesday assessing and collecting taxes.

Dizziness, loss of appetite, flatulency and nausea are all connected with dyspepsia or indigestion. Herbine will give prompt relief. Price 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

Rev. S. R. Lester has been in town for several days attending to the business of Lester & Co.

Rev. Mr. Walker and his daughter Miss Grace, of Anniston, are at the Central, where they will reside in the future.

H. C. Crump, Jasper, Ala., writes: I have used Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine 20 years and believe it the best Liver Medicine on the market. Have had Black Drought banded to me, the clerk declaring it was genuine Simmons Medicine. I told him I knew better and refused to take it.

### The One Thing Needful.

The people of Columbiana, like all other enterprising towns, are on the outlook for some new thing to help build up the town.

The thing for the merchants and other business men of this town to do, is to build a cotton warehouse. It is useless to argue the merits of a cotton warehouse.

If there was a cotton warehouse here the cotton dealers in the large cotton markets would put money in the banks to buy when they want to market large shipments to fill former orders or buy on speculation.

The best enterprise in the way of a stock company would be for the merchants and every other man who is able to take stock, even to a small extent, and build a cotton warehouse. By that means a cotton market would be developed.

By the same means farmers would be able to draw on their cotton for small sums as they might need not be forced to sell when the price did not suit them or take their cotton home.

CITIZEN.

### A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises through the universe." By will everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

### Two Runaways.

Tuesday afternoon J. H. Grimes, who had been in town with his family trading, while returning home, stopped to eat dinner just across the Southern railroad track on the Pumpkin Swamp road. He had come to town with some cotton and had brought two one-horse wagons, and after feeding the animals, joined his family at their lunch. A negro who has been working in Cromwell's barber shop, being in a wagon behind the Grimes party, saw a rabbit run across the road, and jumped out to shoot it. Mr. Grimes called to the negro not to shoot, that it would scare his horse, which warning was not heeded, the rabbit after being shot at, running under the feet of the frightened animal and increasing his fright. Mr. Grimes had seized the animal by the bridle, and had the bits been in his mouth could probably have kept him from doing any damage. He held on to the horse for about twenty-five feet, when he was thrown violently to the ground, his head striking some rocks which cut a large gash in his scalp. He is otherwise injured, the extent of which can not be estimated at this writing.

A warrant has been sworn out for the negro by the injured man. The wagon contained the purchases of the day, including a bureau, all of which were thrown out of the wagon and damaged considerably.

Dr. J. H. Williams, who had been called to attend the wounded man, had his horse to break loose while there and his cart demolished, during his flight.

Nature can only feed the flame of life with the food eaten which is digested. Herbine will reinvigorate a weak stomach, and so improve digestion as to insure the natural bloom of health. Price 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

A girl is never really satisfied with a new hat unless it looks either like an angel's wing or else like a cabbage.

Sell Your Cotton Now and Buy Tobacco.

Peerless brand at 27 1/2 cents per pound by the 10 pound caddy. Early Bird, Red Apple, Schnapps, War, Honey Dew and Home Comfort chewing tobacco's at Factory Prices at

J. H. Hammond.

Accidents happen to the most careful as well as to the thoughtless. Be prepared for them. Keep a bottle of Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic convenient. Only 50c. by Hall Drug Co.

For all fresh cuts or wounds, in either the human subject or in animals as a dressing, Ballard's Snow Liniment is excellent; while for sore on working horses, especially if slow to heal, or suppurating, its healing qualities are unequalled. Price, 25 cents, and 50 cents; sold by Williams Bros.

### QUARTERLY CONFERENCE.

A Good Sermon by Rev. J. L. Brittain.

Quarterly Conference was held in the Methodist church at this place Saturday and Sunday. Rev. J. L. Brittain, the newly appointed presiding elder, preached morning and evening Sunday.

We were very much pleased with the sermon delivered by him at the evening service. It was a plain practical sermon, and was intended for those who are in the church and pose as christians and yet are stones over which the poor sinner has to stumble. O, that our churches would purge themselves of these! Can we reasonably expect to see sinners converted and new souls born into the Kingdom of God when they see the church full of hypocrites, whose hearts are as vile as hell itself? Why so much preaching on the part of the ministers to those who know not the loving kindness and saving grace of the heavenly father, inviting them to repent, be saved, join the church and affiliate themselves there with the "good people," when perhaps this same "sinner" to whom you are preaching, may see people sitting in the "amen corners," singing loud and praying louder, whom he knows to be hypocrites of the blackest sort. The church needs a thorough "weeding." The thistles and briars need to be cut out from among the fruit-bearing plants. When this is done, and not till then, should the ministers hope to see their efforts at holding revivals rewarded with success.

When a sinner—and yet an honest man, sees a man in business trying to do him what is termed in common parlance a "dirty trick," he loses confidence in that man, both as to honesty in business transactions and honesty in spiritual affairs. No wonder he calls that man a hypocrite. And yet at the next "experience meeting" that same man gets up in church and says that "while some people may call him a hypocrite, God knows that he is living as near the Savior as he can." Well, probably he is; for may be, it is his nature to do "dirty tricks," yet it seems that even the grace of God is not sufficient to make him clean in his dealings with his fellow men.

### Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim. No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Hall Drug Co's. Drug Store.

Planter's CUBAN TEA cures Dyspepsia, Constipation and Indigestion. Regulates the Liver. Price, 25 cts. For sale by Hall Drug Co.

### Stockholders Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Montevallo Coal & Railway Co., at the office of the company at its mines near Dogwood, Ala., at 10 o'clock, a.m., on November 1899, for the purpose of considering a proposition of increasing the capital stock of the corporation from \$50,000 to \$75,000, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before it.

W. E. BRINKERHOFF, Sec. & Treas.

Approved. J. B. RANDALL, Pres.

A man can carry three revolvers, two bowie knives, a club and a quart of whisky and not be near as dangerous as one woman with a hatpin.

Planter's CUBAN OIL cures Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Rheumatism and Sores. Price, 25 cents. For sale by Hall Drug Co.

No woman ever tells the truth about what her clothes cost.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor for a pardon of Jasper Nabors, who was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for 25 years at the Spring Term, 1898, of the Circuit Court of Shelby County.

S. E. NABORS.

Old Glory pine apple Drips, Old Fashioned sugar cane molasses in 10, 20 and 40 cent cans.

J. H. Hammond.

### An Appeal.

To Confederate Veterans, Widows, Wives, Sons and Daughters:

At the Veteran's Reunion held at Camp Branch, in August last, the fact was made known that in a burial ground at or near Shelby Springs there lie the remains of two hundred and seventy seven Confederates who died in hospital at that place during the memorable war between the States. Most of these gallant soldiers died from wounds received in battling for the cause which they and we thought was just, and there is nothing but bumps and holes to mark the spots where they rest.

The undersigned were made a committee to ascertain the probable cost and institute a plan to have the graves inclosed and to erect an appropriate shaft or crest. We find that the small amount of \$250 is sufficient to complete the work. We have selected the following Veterans, members of the association, to canvass their respective neighborhoods and collect for this fund by donation or otherwise at as early a day as possible, and forward same to Capt. Jno. W. Johnston, or deposit in the Shelby County or DuBose Banks, subject to draft of the "Shelby Springs Cemetery Association," who are authorized to receive and receipt for same.

Ira Campbell, Rev. Job Reynolds, Chilton county; Hon. R. W. Cobb, Jefferson county; Hon. John F. Burns, Capt. H. C. Graham, Dallas county; Rev. J. M. Langston, J. J. Little, Bibb county; W. S. Cary, E. Finley, James Ozley, John Harmon, J. T. McMillan, Dr. C. C. Oliver, N. A. Graham, John W. Pitts, Dr. DuBose, Joe Crenshaw, T. J. Martin, J. M. Edwards, Jas. Nabors, J. M. Leonard, Asberry Leonard, Col. W. T. Smith, Rufus W. Walker, Rufus DeShazo, Henry Parker, Dr. J. Ried Morgan, and all the officers of the Association, pastors of churches and teachers in the various Sunday schools of Shelby county are earnestly requested to co-operate with the veterans and committee in their laudable work.

Of course the committee expects the ladies to be foremost in this patriotic move, and request them, all that can, to begin at once, that the Association may complete the work at once.

C. C. MARTIN, SAM H. GIST, Committee.

### Notice!

We desire to inform the public that Dr. W. A. Lovett, of Columbiana, and Dr. J. M. Lovett, of Bessemer, have formed a partnership in the practice of dentistry to take effect on and after November 15, 1899, with main offices at Bessemer and Huntsville. The office at Columbiana will remain in tact, and after the 15th of November trips will be made to Columbiana from the Bessemer office. We trust that those desiring dental work done will make their engagements as early as possible. We also desire to notify all those whose mouths have been prepared for plates to come as early as possible and have their work completed.

Persons living at a distance should always make engagements by letter or postal before coming, in order to be sure of getting their work done that day. This is important.

LOVETT BROS., Dentists.

Bessemer office, Trotter Building; 19th st., 3rd ave. Columbiana office, Central Hotel.

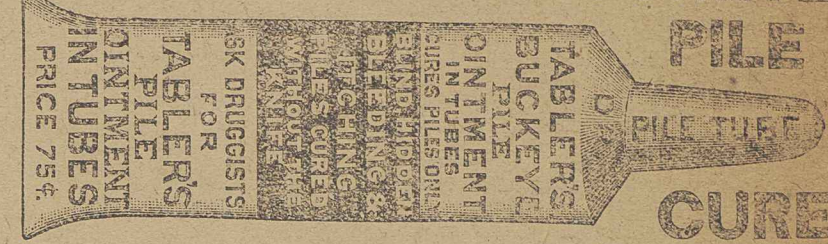
### Reduced Rates to Birmingham.

On account of the Alabama State Fair to be held at Birmingham, Ala., November 7th to 18th, 1899, the Southern Railway will sell tickets from points on its line to Birmingham and return at rate of one fare for the round trip, plus fifty cents admission to the Fair Grounds. From points in the state of Alabama, tickets will be sold November 5th to 18th, inclusive, with final limit to return November 20th, 1899; from other points, as far east as Knoxville, Tenn., tickets will be sold November 7th, 10th, 13th and 16th, limited to return until November 20th, 1899. From points in the state of Alabama, tickets will also be sold on November 8th, 11th and 14th, with final limit to return five days from date of sale, but not to exceed Nov. 20th, at rate much less than one fare for the round trip, plus fifty cents admission to the Fair Grounds.

For further information, call on Southern Railway ticket agent.

## A BOON TO MANKIND!

### DR. TABLER'S BUCKEYE



A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. For Sale by Williams Brothers, Columbiana, Alabama.

## A WORD TO THE WISE!

As we bought a much larger stock for fall than usual it is necessary for us to reduce our present stock as much as possible.

## Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes,

## HATS, NOVELTIES, LADIES' AND GENTS'

### Furnishing, Millinery, Ladies' Wraps

Cloth and Silk Plush Capes, Jackets, Worsted and Silk Skirts. Furniture and Groceries; in which we have always led the entire section for low prices on every item.

### OUR PRICES. OUR BARGAINS

Heavy Domestic, per yd., 3 cents. Standard Calicoes, all colors 3 ct. Good Cotton Checks, 34 cents. Fancy Outing, the very thing for school dresses, 44 cents. Extra heavy Canton Flannel 5 ct. All-wool Red Flannel 12 1/2 cents. All-wool white Flannel, 14 1/2 cents. Ladies' Corsets, 25 cents. Heavy Jeans, 10 cents. Ladies' Black Hose, 5 cents. 2 Spools good machine thread, 5. 10 Balls No. 1 thread, 5 cents. Ladies' black beaver double capes, trimmed with satach fur, 50 ct. Ladies' dongola button or lace shoes, worth \$1.25 to \$1.50, our price, \$1.00.

Men's all wool black chevrot suits, sizes 34 to 42, \$2.50. Men's imported black clay worsted suits custom made, \$5.00. Men's good pants, 75 cents. Laundered shirts, 25 cents. Good suspenders, leather backs, 10 cents. Heavy undershirts, 15 cents. Leather belts, 15 cents. Boy's knee pants, all wool, 25 ct. Men's shoes, lace or congress, \$1.00. We have a large lot of ladies' and children's shoes in odds and ends which we will sell below cost. On all heavy groceries we will give you the lowest market prices. Arbuckle's and Levering's coffee 10 cents a pound, good green coffee 12 1/2 pounds, \$1.00.

### WE GUARANTEE WHAT WE ADVERTISE

Each customer is entitled to ONE SHARE in a fine marble clock, worth \$10, which will be given away the 1st of EVERY MONTH.

We carry absolutely everything, and no firm ever presented greater variety from which to select than ours. Our business is said to be the most unique in this section, being always alive to the needs of the hour. By our constant effort to make ourselves valuable to our customers, we give the most faithful service to the smallest as well as the largest. The greatest factor in our remarkable success is the saving of from 15 to 25 per cent to customers on every bill they buy from us. If you have any goods to buy it will pay you to come and see our stock and get prices. We were never in better position to save you money. We buy cotton and all marketable produce and pay the highest price for same.

## Columbiana Mercantile Co.

## ALABAMA STATE FAIR

Birmingham, Ala.

November 7th to 18th, 1899.

### Attractive Exhibits—Lively Races,

NEW BUILDINGS—NEW TRACK.

### SPECIAL DEPARTMENTS.

Agriculture, Horses and Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Racing, Machinery, Merchants' Display, Forestry, Mines and Minerals, The Press, Education, Horticulture, Women's Work, Poultry and Pet Stock, Negroes' Work, Etc. Etc.

### MAGNIFICENT LIVE STOCK EXHIBIT.

### The Latest "MIDWAY" Attractions.

### Many New and Wonderful Features

REDUCED RATES:—All railroads have granted reduced rates. All exhibits will be carefully looked after. For Premium List and further particulars, address:

J. A. ROUNDTREE, Secretary.

STATE FAIR HEADQUARTERS, BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.



## "It is an Ill Wind That Blows Nobody Good."

That small ache or pain or weakness is the "ill wind" that directs your attention to the necessity of purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then your whole body receives good, for the purified blood goes tingling to every organ. It is the remedy for all ages and both sexes.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

### ELECTRIC CAPSULES.

You Can Light Your Sleeping Apartment From a Vest Pocket Battery.

One of the latest things out is the electric capsule. It is not to be swallowed like a dose of nauseous medicine, but can be carried about in the vest pocket until an illumination is needed, when by a simple process it can be utilized to the satisfaction of the owner. A company has been formed in New York with \$15,000,000 capital to supply power or light in ten or twelve grain capsules. One of these capsules will furnish electricity enough to keep a light burning all night. The assertion is made by a representative of the company that the light can be furnished at less than one-fifth of a mill per lamp per hour for each sixteen-candle incandescent globe. The company intends to sell power at 10 cents an hour for one full horse power. The capsules can be used for propelling automobiles, and it is said they will take up so little room and weigh so little that the weight of automobiles will be reduced materially. A battery of the new power weighing only 360 pounds can run an automobile four and a half times as long and as far as the largest batteries now in use, which weigh 2,000 or 3,000 pounds.

If all this can really be done, it will revolutionize the automobile industry and remove one of the strongest objections to its use—its great weight. Automobiles, as at present made, weigh 4,000 pounds and upward, the heavy burden they are obliged to carry for propulsion making it necessary to construct the carriages on the strongest and heaviest scale. When one can buy electricity in the same shape as a box of quinine pills it will be possible to use it for many purposes for which it is unavailable at present. The president of the company, John Post, who is the discoverer of the new power, says it can be used in the most remote and isolated places as well as in New York, and that a farmer can employ it to heat and light his house, to draw water, to make butter, saw wood, run a threshing machine, drive fans and keep out flies. If it can do all this men will no more think of being without capsules than of going downtown without change in their pockets.

A million dollars was spent in attending to Presbyterian ministers in Canada last year.

**DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP**  
Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup without fail. Is the best for Bronchitis, Grippe, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and for the cure of Consumption. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Small doses; quick, sure results.

**CURE YOUR HORSE**  
of Spavin, Curb, Splint, Capped Hock, Sore Tendons, Cuts, Kicks, Bruises, etc., by using  
**SLOAN'S LINIMENT**  
Also an invaluable remedy for man. When taken internally it cures Cramps and Colic. It is the best antiseptic known.  
Every bottle is warranted. Sold by dealers and druggists generally. Family size, 25c. Horse size, 50c. and \$1.00.  
Prepared by EARL S. SLOAN, Boston, Mass.

**Sour Stomach**  
"After I was induced to try CASCA-CATHARTIC, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape, and my head ached and I had stomach trouble. Now, since taking CASCA-CATHARTIC, I feel fine. My stomach is also much improved."—JOS. KREHLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. No Gripe, No Sick, No Weakness, or Grippe, No, 25c. 50c.

**CURE CONSTIPATION.** 518  
Selling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York.

**NO-TO-BAC** Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to **CURE TOBACCO HABIT.**

**Why take Nauseous Medicines?**

Are you suffering with **INDIGESTION?**

Are you suffering with **KIDNEY or BLADDER TROUBLE?**

Are you subject to **COLIC, FLATULENCY or PAINS IN THE BOWELS?**

Do you suffer from **RETENTION or SUPPRESSION of URINE?**

Do you feel **LANGUOR, and DEBILITY** in the morning?

**WOLFE'S Aromatic Schiedam SCHNAPPS**  
CURES THEM ALL!!  
Pleasant to take, Stimulating, Diuretic, Stomachic, Absolutely Pure. THE BEST KIDNEY and LIVER MEDICINE IN THE WORLD!!!  
For Sale by all GROCERS and DRUGGISTS.  
BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

## FOR FARM AND GARDEN.

### Winter Grain After Oats.

The oat crop is a very different one to get and seed. The roots of oats spread much more widely than those of barley, and as the oat leaves are narrow the plant takes much more of the grain from the soil. Oats are the latest of the small grains to ripen, and this extra time while their roots are drawing moisture from the soil is very hard on the seedling. If the land is plowed as soon as the oat crop is off, and is worked well on the surface, a good seedling may be got if wheat or rye is sown in the fall. Timothy seed should be sown after the grain seedling, as the washing of loose soil over the seed will be all the covering it will require. Next spring six quarts of clover seed per acre will make a seedling that is much better than can be got on any land that is plowed for a spring crop.

### Seed for Planting.

So much depends upon the quality of the seed that it pays to make extraordinary efforts to secure the best of planting. In the end the best is the cheapest; but the most expensive is not always the best. Very often it is more a matter of getting the right seed for the right soil and place. We must be ready to adapt ourselves to new conditions, and to do this it is often necessary to try plants that have heretofore been unknown to us. In that case the best seed must come from new varieties of corn, wheat or vegetables.

The cost of the seed is a matter that deters many a farmer from getting the best. He reasons that his old, worn-out seed will do for another season, and so he uses it one too many times. A little extra outlay for needed seed would probably make a difference of many dollars in the fall. It does not pay to plant year after year the seed of run-out plants, which will continue to degenerate until they are little better than weeds. The true principle is to bring new seed of some kind to the farm every year, and then the vitality of the crops will not degenerate, and there will be no great demand for an outlay of seed every year. It is just as important to keep up the quality of the seeds and plants through careful selection and breeding as it is to introduce new blood in the live stock each year. No intelligent breeder of stock would permit his herd to run down without trying to stem the degeneracy by crossing the animals with new blooded animals.—Boston Cultivator.

### Potatoes as Food for Poultry.

On several occasions we have seen this subject very freely discussed in the correspondence columns of one or other of the poultry journals, some people contending that the analysis of the potato show it to be a very unfit food for use, while others maintain that practical experience proves it to be most useful. We favor the latter. Judiciously given and blended with a little common sense, we consider the potato one of the best additions to our fowls' bill of fare. Only the day before writing these notes a case came under our notice where two neighbors both kept fowls and both had the same number, variety and accommodations. From twenty-four hens one was getting twenty eggs a day, the other ten. The former attributed the better laying of his birds to the use of a boilerful of warm potatoes mixed with his morning meal. It has always been our custom to use potatoes in some form or another, and we look upon them as both good and cheap. One plan we often adopt in the winter time is to instruct the poultry lad to throw a boilerful of the kitchen range every evening after tea; these cook during the evening, and by the time the fire goes down are done, and the little heat left and their own steam keep them warm, and thus they are ready for mixing with the meal in the morning earlier than they would be if not prepared over night. At other times, when not feeding potatoes as above, we have a boilerful served round whole as an 'extra' at midday, and find they are much relished.—Poultry Monthly.

### Pure Water and Plenty of It.

The plan here described has given me more satisfaction and real benefit than the same amount of money expended in any other line. Some 100 feet from my house on top of a high hill I drilled a well through boulders and clay, and put in what is called a drive well pump. I was fortunate in striking a good stream of water. Over the well I erected a low tower and put up a windmill. I then went about 30 feet down the incline of the hill and made a large excavation 18 feet in diameter and 15 feet deep. This I lined with a rough stone wall 2 feet thick, laying the part next the earth in mortar and that portion toward the center in cement. The bottom was paved with cobblestones and cement, and the sides were carefully cemented. The excavation was covered with oak sleepers and three inch boards. The whole was covered with two feet of earth, with the exception of a manhole in the centre 2 feet square.

The water is conducted underground from the pump to the reservoir, in a 1-1/4 inch pipe. I then laid a 1-1/4 inch pipe from my buildings to the bottom of this reservoir, keeping it at all points 4 feet under the surface of the ground. At the lower end of this main pipe I have three branch pipes, each three-fourths of an inch in diameter. One goes to the cellar under the house, then up through the floor into a sink. One goes into the horse barn and the other to my packing house. I also have a 60-foot hose and nozzle which can be attached at a moment's notice, and as the reservoir is 60 feet above the hydrant the pressure is very good. The hose can be used for washing carriages, carpets, rugs, windows, porches, horses, etc., and spraying lawns, flowers or shrubbery, and in case of fire water could be thrown into any room in the house or on the roof of any of the farm buildings. I have an overflow pipe from the reservoir, so that the mill can run continuously, and as the reservoir holds about 500 barrels, the water is always pure. It is just as fresh as when it came from the well.

## Snake Poison.

What to Do for Those Who are Bitten by Adders, Copperheads, Milk or Rattlesnakes.

Despite the great interest of snake bites and their antidotes, there is but little known of the chemistry of the poison of any snake, save that of the cobra, the secretion of which is probably the most deadly animal substance known. In India it has been estimated that it killed as many as 20,000 persons yearly. Happily, it does not thrive in this country, but we have many poisonous snakes of our own that we would rather not meet on a summer's day.

The poison of the rattlesnake, which is supposed to be like that of the viper, is supposed to be deadly to both animal and vegetable life. Alcohol is the best known antidote for it, and when given at once in large quantities it will often save the victim. The difficulty is, and may be one reason why so many succumb to these bites, that too long a time elapses before the treatment begins. If it were always possible, for instance, to suck out the poison immediately after the bite, all evil effects would be done away with. In reality the rattlesnake does not bite, but throws its fangs forward with great force and hitches them, as hooks, into the victim. The poison, of which two or three drops is at the base of these fangs in a small sack and which closely resembles clear honey, is then driven into the wound with the rapidity of lightning. Unless the fangs are great for battle they lie concealed in the upper part of the mouth, something like the blades of a penknife that are shut in their case.

Adders, copperheads, milk snakes are well known in this country as being poisonous. The victim of a bite from one of these snakes feels at first a burning pain on the spot that is bitten. Gradually it becomes intensified. A numbness of the limbs follows, which causes the sufferer to act as though he were intoxicated; often staggering and falling. Finally the lower jaw drops and a frothy saliva runs from the mouth, the breathing becomes slower, and usually ceases altogether about an hour after the bite. There is little sign of external injury, but under the skin it appears like a large purple wound.

Antivenene, which is the name Prof. Frezzer, of England, has given to his new antidote, has been found to have certain definite but limited powers against snake bites. It consists of the blood serum of immunized animals, and is in the form of a dry powder. It is introduced into the body by artificial means. The use of it has been most successful, even in cases where it was not injected until thirty minutes after the poison. This, however, is not often. Also an unusual quantity of venom from a large and angry snake would demand so large a dose of the antivenene as to be in itself quite fatal.

Four thousand of the Smith family held a reunion at Peacock, N. J., the other day. All of them trace their ancestry to a certain John Smith, who came to that part of the country as a boy 160 years ago. Whether he was a relative of John Smith of the Pocahontas love affair is not known.

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The first law school in America was opened in Philadelphia in 1790.

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Prey of One Sparrow Hawk. A sparrow hawk was killed when feeding her young, and four days later, when the nest was examined, it was found that the little male bird had made the provision for the family, having brought home 48 birds, viz, 6 larks, 9 swallows, 1 bullfinch, 7 robins, 6 sparrows, 6 hedge sparrows, 9 bluebirds, 3 chaffinches and 1 wren.

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## The Sorrowful Tree.

There is a tree in Persia to which the name "the sorrowful tree" is given. Perhaps because it blooms only in the evening.

When the first star appears in the heavens the first bud of the sorrowful tree opens, and as the shades of night advance and the stars thicken stud the sky, the buds continue gradually opening until the whole tree looks like one immense white flower. On the approach of dawn, when the brilliancy of the stars gradually fades in the light of the day, the sorrowful tree closes its flowers, and ere the sun is fully risen, not a single blossom is visible. A sheet of flower dust, as white as snow, covers the ground around the foot of the tree, which seems blighted and withered during the day, while, however, it is actively preparing for the next nocturnal festival. The fragrance of the blossoms is like that of the evening primrose.

If the tree is cut down close to the roots a new plant shoots up and attains maturity in an incredibly short time.

In the vicinity of this peculiar tree there usually grows another, which is almost an exact counterpart of the sorrowful tree, but less beautiful, and strange to say, it blooms only in the day time.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

### Prof. Walter Wilson.

Of the Savannah High School, says: "I feel it my duty to testify to the wonderful curative properties of Tetterine. It has cured in a few days my son, whose feet had been very badly afflicted with some stubborn skin trouble, after having used a number of remedies without any benefit." 50c. at druggists or by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

### Lighting the Red Sea.

The lighting of the Red Sea seems at first to be a too practical infringement upon an ancient fairyland. But Sir Thomas Sutherland and other members of parliament interested in shipping are naturally anxious about the progress of the lighthouses with which the port promised to bejewel the southern waters of the Red Sea.

### No Women Are Admitted.

No feminine visitors are allowed to go through the Cramps' yard in Philadelphia, because every time a woman passes through the shops every one of the 7,000 workmen raises his eyes from his work, and in one minute one man's work for a fortnight is lost to his employers.

"A Grand Remedy," says Mr. Thornton of the Boston Herald, "is a blood or dyspepsia. I tried all the remedies as well as several eminent physicians, without avail. I was induced to try Dr. H. H. Green's Remedy, and the first dose relieved me. It is a grand remedy. I recommend it as worthy of a trial by all who wish to be cured."

Dr. H. H. Green's Remedy, 50c. per bottle, or sent for prior, ex-cure, paid, by Dr. H. H. Green's Remedy Co., 54 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

General Weyler's political opponents are making it hot for him in Spain. The Spanish newspapers take delight in misquoting him on important subjects, and the minister of war, General Polavieja, employs detectives to watch him constantly.

### How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobb's Spargus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

### Cataract Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It is prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing cataract. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. GREENE & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 50c.

I could not get along without Dr. Hobb's Spargus Pills. Sold by all druggists, price 50c. per bottle.

Fits permanently cured. No fitter nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2.00 trial and treatise free. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See our liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Lexington, Mass., is already making preparations for an elaborate celebration. It is intended to have April 10, 1900, of the 125th anniversary of the battle there.

### Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarella Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarella—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

### Electricity and Skin Color.

It has been noted that in the surgical uses of electricity the color of the skin has been changed, and there is no doubt that the electric current has a direct action on the coloring matter or pigment of the epidermis. Now it is neither impossible, nor even improbable, that electricity acts on the pigment since it always leaves behind it light-colored scars. Hence, to bleach a Kaffir or a Zulu, a Yodoff or an Abyssinian, instead of buying soap and rice water, set to work to depigmentize him electrically.

### The Same Except in Name.

A ranch or plantation in Peru is a hacienda, in Venezuela it is a hatos, in the Argentine Republic an estancia, in Chile a rancho, in Uruguay a finca, and the proprietors are called latifundistas, hacendados, estancieros, rancharos and finqueros, respectively. In Peru there are voluntary fire companies in nearly all the cities similar to those we used to have in the United States before the days of paid organizations, and they are called "bombarberos."

### Pillars of Sand.

The deserts of Arabia are especially remarkable for their pillars of sand, which are raised by the whirlwinds and have a very close resemblance in their appearance to waterspouts.

## ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The timber on 30,000 acres of hardwood at Albama, W. Va., is about to be cut at the rate of 35,000 feet per day. It is estimated that five years will be spent in felling the tract.

Pekin now has an electric railroad running from the south gate of the city to the steam railroad station, and it is hoped that permission to enter the city itself may be obtained soon. The road was built by a German firm.

The American Jewish Year Book, just issued, gives the Jewish population of this country as 1,043,800. It is stated that of these there are 400,000 in New York, 55,000 in Illinois, 95,000 in Pennsylvania, 50,000 in Ohio, 35,000 in California, 35,000 in Maryland and 35,000 in Missouri.

Although more wells have been drilled in the Indiana district this year than in any previous twelvemonth, the state gas inspector reports that there still remain 250 square miles of untouched territory, and that scarcely one-third of the available gas field has been thoroughly drilled over.

Maxence Roldes, the labor agitator, who is getting up an army of 15,000 men and women to march from Le Creusot to Paris to ask the government to interfere in the matter of the strike at the Creusot iron works, says he gets his idea from the "Corey army" movement in this country.

The Mississippi state board of health is pronounced in favor of the policy of isolation and disinfection of first cases of yellow fever, rejecting the old plan of local shotgun quarantine against infected towns as barbarous, inefficient and destructive to the best interests of the state.

A typewriter invented by an English man has a device by which vertical columns of figures can be written as readily as they can be set in type. By means of a special high space key the operator is enabled to write all over the paper, the whole width of the paper or in narrow columns at will.

**SYRUP OF FIGS**  
ACTS GENTLY ON THE  
**KIDNEYS, LIVER**  
**AND BOWELS**  
CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM  
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY  
COLD, COLIC, HEADACHES  
OVERCOMES & FEVERS  
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION  
PERMANENTLY  
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Am. N. U., No. 43, 1899.

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